LONDON HOSPITAL Cough Cure.

Victoria Daily Times.

COCHRANE & MUNN DRUGGISTS, Cor. Yates and Douglas.

VOL. 14. VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, MARCH 14, 1891. No. 65

TO DEPOSITORS

The British Columbia Land & Investment Agency, Ld.

(SUCCESSORS TO ALLSOP & MASON.)

In view of the low rate of interest given by the Dominion Savings Bank Department, and the restrictions imposed as to the amount to be deposited, this Company is now prepared to receive money on deposit, in large or small amounts, at interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, and on favorable terms as to notice, etc.

The offices of the Company have been removed to 40 Government street, the premises lately occupied by the Telegraph Company.

Dec. 30.

$3 $3

THE LEADER

MADE ESPECIALLY FOR

ERSKINE'S BOOT & SHOE EMPORIUM

132 Government Street, corner Johnson.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

RECEIVED THIS DAY

145 DOZ.

Westside Maltese

KID GLOVES

WITH PATENTED STUD FASTENINGS.

PRICE PLAIN $1.25
" EMBROIDERED 1.35

OUR GUARANTEE.

Should any customer return to us a pair not being as represented, or unsatisfactory in any particular, she will not have to wait or argue about it. We will give back the money or another pair.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

The Westside, Feb. 21, 1891.

NELSON ISLAND GRANITE CO.

(LIMITED.)

The company is now prepared to fill all orders promptly, of the best Granite, and at the lowest possible prices.

This Granite is perfectly free from all iron rust, black knots, and other imperfections. Samples furnished on application and prices quoted. For further particulars apply to

EDWARD J. THAIN, Secretary,

P. O. Box 654, Victoria, B.C.

FATAL CONFLAGRATIONS.

One Destroyed a Valuable Portion of Syracuse, Another is in a Lunatic Asylum

NASHVILLE, Tenn., March 14.—A fire occurred in the central insane asylum, seven miles from this city, on Murfresboro pike, at eleven o'clock last night. It started in the rear of the main wing, which has been destroyed. Two fire engines have been started from here, and it is thought they will arrive in time to save some of the buildings. The cause of the fire is unknown. There were 28 patients in the wing. There are about 400 patients in the asylum and all are now in the main building. Two o'clock this morning the main building was reported on fire and the patients are escaping. Gov. Buchanan and the State militia are preparing to go to the scene immediately in a special train. Six people have been burned to death, all male and white people. At 3:30 o'clock the indications are that the whole institution will be destroyed. The fire was finally brought under control about four o'clock. It is impossible as yet to give any estimate of the actual loss, though it is heavy. The building was fully insured. Two of the lunatics were found trudging along the highway about a mile from the conflagration, and many more were hiding in the shrubbery, but all were finally captured and comfortably housed.

Another Fire Raging.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., March 14.—Two large fires are raging here. One started in the wholesale district at 6 o'clock, in the six-story Hogan block, the new Fay block, Loomis block and a dozen other wholesale buildings occupied by fifty firms were destroyed. The fire was got under control at 11 o'clock, but a second fire started at half past seven in Roscoe's wholesale fruit house, and is still burning. The Journal office, Montgomery candy house, and Yates' building, occupied half a dozen stores, and a score of families, and a number of other buildings have already been destroyed. The loss is already estimated at a million dollars. Several out-town engines are here, but water is scarce and the wind is high. One life is reported lost.

In West Fayette street the burned blocks were Main Hogan block, valued at $40,000; a smaller block, owned by Thomas Hogan, valued at $10,000; United States hotel block, $10,000; block occupied by the Alsopp Furnace Company and Chryst and Sehl, all on the south side of the street. On the north side were the Van Rensalaer block; the Phetter Place block, the Newel block, the Fay and Golden block, and the old Palus homestead on Franklyn street. Senecca house was destroyed, and Crouse block was badly damaged. In East Washington street the fire burned a good deal of valuable property, including the Roscoe block, Journal building, Montgomery block, Candde House stables, and Foster Homestead. Whole loss estimated at $1,000,000, and at 11 a.m. the fires were under control.

PERSONAL.

Movements of Well Known People in Various Directions.

Tully Boyce arrived from San Francisco last night.

H. A. Lilley returned from San Francisco last night.

Wm. Marchant returned from the Mainland last evening.

Judge Bole and wife came down from Westminster last night.

T. S. Dobbin, of Esquimalt, went across the sound last night.

C. Spencer and bride have returned from their honeymoon trip.

F. G. Walker was a passenger for the Sound by the Kingston last evening.

F. J. Stephen, of the C. P. N. company, went over to Tacoma last evening on a visit.

Theo. Robinson, after a pleasant stay here for a week or two goes north by the Danube to-night to Inverness.

John Hendry and wife, of Westminster, R. Broderick and wife and L. Redon and wife returned from California last night by the Umatilla.

Editorial Evidence.

Gentlemen,—Your Hagyard's Yellow Oil is worth its weight in gold for both internal and external use. During the late La Grippe epidemic we found it a most excellent preventive, and for sprained limbs, etc., there is nothing to equal it.

WM. PEVERATT, Editor Delhi Reporter.

2,000 Pieces of John Crossley & Sons' celebrated Brussels and Tapestry Carpets, just opened at Weiler Bros., 91 to 95 Fort street.

RECIPROCITY WITH CUBA.

BLAINE'S DIPLOMACY SUCCESSFUL WITH SPAIN.

Spain Wants to Give Very Little for a Great Deal, but She's not Likely to be Successful—General News from the Various States.

NEW YORK, March 14.—Secretary Blaine's play to force Spain into a corner in regard to Cuba, by means of the reciprocity section of the McKinley bill, is ripening even more than Mr. Blaine's friends expected. When the plan was announced by these despatches three weeks ago a feeble disclaimer was put in by some of the Government organs, but not a word was heard from Mr. Blaine. So far from denying the plan, the friends of the astute secretary of state are already beginning to exult over its promised success. Even at the Spanish capital, and in Cuba forthcoming events are being watched with the keenest interest.

The talk of the revolt in the islands, and of sending troops to crush it, only shows how soon the Spanish government must have recognized the dilemma which was being forced upon it to accept the terms of reciprocity offered by the United States or lose Cuba, and in the end see her become of our own possessions. The Spanish government has not yet yielded, for the coils of Mr. Blaine's diplomacy have not been felt quite tightly enough. On the contrary, the terms offered to the United States are a ridiculously inadequate return for what is offered to Spain in the McKinley bill. Spain holds back from opening Cuba to American flour under advantageous conditions, although it is the largest article of import from this country in spite of the high duties. Spain is thus far offering in return for the market we have opened for her free sugar, only the most trivial concessions, of the smallest value to our productions and manufactures. She is holding back concessions with regard to flour, in the hope of securing a free market in the United States for Cuban tobacco. Our government could not make such terms under the McKinley act, and Spain proposes a separate treaty. Such a treaty would require action by the senate, which does not meet until December, dangerously near the date when the duty will be re-imposed by the president, if a satisfactory arrangement is not concluded in the meantime.

Iron Workers on Strike.

NEW YORK, March 14.—Andrew Carnegie's interview, in which he touched so dolefully upon the steel and coke question, is considered by the labor leaders in Pittsburg to have been given out for the purpose of "bearing" the latter market. Only last week the Amalgamated Association of iron and steel workers began the preparation of the annual wages scale to take effect July 1st, and it is quite the orthodox thing for iron and steel manufacturers at this time to argue against the system of demanding higher wages. In the coke region, while other firms are putting their men to work at last year's figures, the H. C. Fricke company (Carnegie) which control nearly two-thirds of the region, is holding out for a 10 per cent. reduction, and as a result, the 13,000 operatives have been on strike for five weeks. Meanwhile the iron works all over the country are suffering for fuel and some have had to shut down.

The Law's Intricacies.

ALTOONA, Penn., March 14.—Boyd Gilmore, 16 years old, who was arrested in this city and was taken to jail at Hallidaysburg for killing his uncle, Hugh Stewart, on Nov. 30th, 1890, by striking him on the head with a base ball bat, was tried to-day. After listening to a few of the witnesses, Judge Dean refused to hear any more testimony, dismissed the case and acquitted the boy. The judge said that if the man had been killed with a knife or revolver it would have been murder in the second degree; but as the killing was done with a baseball bat, which he said was not a deadly weapon, no case could be made against the prisoner.

Big Banking Scheme.

MEXICO, via Galveston, March 14.—It is announced that a definite proposition for reviving the concession of the Formento bank have been made to the government, which has accepted them. De la Barre of this city is at the head of the movement. The capital will be $25,000,000, but not all of this great sum will be required to be furnished. The bank will lend the government $3,000,000 at 3 or 5¾ per cent per annum. The concession will be made acceptable to foreign capitalists, and it is reported that the money will be raised without difficulty.

Life in 'Frisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 14.—Thomas Craig, keeper of a lodging house, was probably fatally shot by Max Smith in a saloon at two o'clock this morning. It was the result of a bar-room squabble. Both men had been drinking and were discussing the Kilrain-Godfrey fight, when without warning, Craig says Smith drew a pistol and fired twice at him. One of the bullets took effect in the right cheek, and the other in the left side. Smith is a notorious character and fighter. He was arrested on a charge of assault, with intent to murder.

Van Horne Will Get There.

NEW YORK, March 14.—The Canadian Pacific has adopted a heroic measure for obtaining settlers. It has sent Mr. Riddle, Dominion government immigration agent, into McPherson county, South Dakota, offering 160 acres of land on the line of the C. P. R., transportation for families and furniture and advance of money for the first year's expenses on 15 years at 7 per cent. notes.

Following Her Countrywomen.

NEW YORK, March 14.—The wedding of Miss Bayard, youngest daughter of ex-Secretary of State Bayard, to Count Loewenhaupt, of Sweden, is to take place in this city early in April.

KILLED BY A MOB.

The Murderers of Chief Hennessy Lynched This Morning.

NEW ORLEANS, La., March 14.—The six Sicilians, members of the La Mafia Society, whom a jury failed to convict yesterday of the murder of Chief of Police Hennessy, were this morning killed by a mob in the parish prison.

A FAMILIAR FACE GONE.

Frank Campbell Passes Away at 10:30 This Morning—A Sketch of His Life.

For the last few days Victorians, and especially the old-timers, have been anxiously asking after Frank Campbell, who to everyone was a friend. During the past two years, that is since his amiable wife passed away, his friends have noticed him gradually bending to the weight of time. A kinder hearted man no one would wish to know; and now that he is no more, not a few, in fact almost every one in the city, although they knew that his hour was drawing near, will feel a pang of regret.

To strangers he was as a guide, and many who visit the city have not forgotten to mention the kindness that they received at the hands of Frank Campbell, the genial editor of the "Bulletin." His kindly smile, as he stood behind his counter, was an invitation to ask for information.

For twenty-one years he has attended to his customers at the "corner," and who has not stood around to listen to his reminiscences of the early days and his kind words for all who were mentioned in his stories? Lately, however, frequenters of the favorite corner have missed his genial face, as sickness has kept him in the house for some time past.

In spite of the very best medical skill, and all that loving hands and tender, watchful care could do, he slowly sank till at 10:30 this morning he passed away, surrounded by his family and a few friends. All day yesterday, and last night, they had patiently watched at the bedside while life was ebbing.

To relate half of the good deeds performed by the deceased would fill a volume, but if the boards of the little cigar store at the "corner" could be endowed with speech even then the praises due to their editor would not do more than half justice to his many good actions. Ever ready to help the needy, he had made friends whose number is legion. Those who had partaken of his hospitality when they needed it are now among our most influential citizens.

The deceased was a native of Ireland, but came to America when he was very young, and resided for years in Philadelphia, St. Louis, and Burlington, Iowa, the latter place being the home of many of his relatives.

Like many others he came to the Pacific Coast in the early fifties arriving in California in 1853 on the steamer Lewis, having come from New York via Nicaragua. On his arrival in California he immediately located in Hangtown, El Dorado county, but not meeting with marked success in mining he moved to Sacramento, where he worked at his trade, that of a carpenter, which he also did at Oroville, Butte county, where he was married. He came to Victoria in 1858, was mining on the Fraser for some time, but again meeting with ill-luck he came back to Victoria without having gone any higher than Yale. Arriving here he opened a general store on Johnson street, removing to the "corner" which is so well known, and with which his name will ever be remembered, in 1871.

Mr. Campbell very seldom left the city since his location here, except on a few short visits. He went to San Juan at the time of the trouble between the two governments. He was 59 years of age and leaves three daughters, Mrs. A McDonald, Miss C, and Miss M. Campbell and one son, Frank.

The funeral will take place at 10.30 on Monday morning from the residence, Johnson street, and at 11 from St. Andrew's pro-cathedral.

A. MINER GRISWOLD DEAD.

The Fat Contributor Dies of Apoplexy This Morning.

SHEBOYGAN FALLS, Wis., March 14.—A. Miner Griswold, "the Fat Contributor," died suddenly of apoplexy to-day.

[The deceased was well known all over the continent, having made several lecturing tours, one of which he was on at the time of his death. He was editor of Texas Siftings, the illustrated humorous paper of New York and London and contributed largely to the papers and magazines of America. He lectured in this city in December so the people are well acquainted with his ability to amuse an audience with his wit. He was a man of about 50 years of age, very stout, and at first appearance a little dull looking, but when he began to talk such idea as that left the listener's mind. The papers of the world will miss many paragraphs and articles that it was his wont to contribute, while the compositors will miss his "fat takes."]

Y.M.C.A. Notes.

At the 4 o'clock service to-morrow there will be an address by Mrs. Dobbs of the Reformed church. All young men will be welcome.

An effort is being made at present to secure the needed funds to carry the association to the first of September, and the canvass thus far has been encouraging, the business men responding very liberally. About $300 more is needed, and it is hoped to secure it in a day or two.

The ladies' central committee will hold a "Cup and Saucer Social" Monday, March 23, a full announcement of which will be made later.

Wednesday evening next Mr. H. Carmichael will deliver the fifth lecture in the free winter course. The subject will be "Some of the Taxes."

THE ENGLISH BLIZZARD.

DAKOTA WEATHER ON A TOUR THROUGH EUROPE.

Terrible Battle with the Waves—The Atlantic Liner Servia in Distress—Matters of Interest Going Forward in European Centres—Bismarck and Waldersee.

LONDON, March 14.—A Vienna dispatch says Count Taafe is seriously urging the emperor to make peace with the young Czechs by consenting to be crowned king of Bohemia and otherwise as compatible with the safety of the empire. The young Czechs are highly elated over their triumph and have assumed an independent and insolent attitude towards the Germans. They refuse to converse with the officials in the German language, and sing Bohemian patriotic songs in the streets of Prague. It is believed in Vienna that Russian agents are at work stirring up the Slavic sentiment among the people and are endeavoring to detach them from their allegiance to Austria.

A Hamburg correspondent telegraphs that no significance is attached there to the visit of Count Waldersee to Prince Bismarck. The Count and Prince, while not warm friends, had been associated in the service of Prussia and Germany for many years, and it was almost a requisite act of courtesy on the part of the court being stationed at Altoona, to visit the ex-chancellor at Friedricksruhe. That he may have conveyed a message from the Kaiser is possible, but nothing is known of the fact if he did.

It is reported that Prince Bismarck has addressed a letter to a prominent official near the emperor, expressing loyal and cordial wishes for the welfare of the kaiser, and his success as a ruler of the German people. In this letter the prince also pointed out the necessity of the nobility giving a good example in private as well as public life, and thereby depriving the socialists and agitators generally of their most potent weapon for arousing prejudice against the government. It is believed generally that Prince Bismarck meant to allude to certain scandals which have not been confined to the nobility alone, but have also involved the reputation of near relatives of the Emperor.

Terrible Battle With Waves.

LONDON, March 14.—The unknown steamship reported wrecked off Starpoint, coast of Devonshire, Monday last, was the steamship Miroma of Liverpool. The crew succeeded in launching two boats, and made a desperate effort to reach the shore, but to no avail. The boat, which contained an officer and a number of men, had proceeded but a short distance when a tremendous sea swept over her and she plunged beneath the waves with all on board. The remainder of the crew in the other boat made a fearful struggle to make a land, once she capsized and, after a number of men had been swept away, was righted by the survivors. A second time the boat went over with a similar result. Finally, after almost incredible suffering and wonderful endurance, four Swedish sailors succeeded in reaching the beach where one died from exhaustion.

London's Great Storm.

LONDON, March 14.—In the southwestern part of London there is no improvement, the country remaining bound up in frost and snow. In Devonshire and Cornwall the roads are impassable and immense drifts of snow prevent communication with villages which depend on London for food. Large numbers of sheep, cattle and horses perished from exposure. In many places shops and schools remain closed, workmen and scholars being unable to travel. Near Exeter a train was snowed up, and before relief could reach them the passengers were almost starved. Another train was snowed up in Devonshire and remained two days before a rescuing party could reach it. The unfortunate passengers were famished, half frozen, and seriously ill. Other trains in the same part of the country met with similar experience.

The Servia in Distress.

LONDON, March 14.—Steamship Servia, which, owing to the breaking down of her engine, has been drifting about the channel since Monday, has been found and towed to Plymouth.

A Loss to the Party.

BERLIN, March 14.—Herr Windthorst, a leading member of the Catholic party in the German reichstag, is dead.

WHARF AND WAVE.

Jottings of Interest to Marine Men Concisely Compiled.

The main and mizzen top masts of the bark Irvine have been taken down.

The result of a fight on the bark Irvine will be ventilated in the police court Monday.

The steamer Daisy which has been on the Star ways for several days, came off this afternoon after a thorough overhaul.

The steamer Rainbow has had her new propellor put on and necessary repairs made at Lang's ways. She came off this morning, and is moored at Spratt's wharf.

Central School.

Yesterday afternoon Alderman Richards and Munn and Chief Deasy paid a visit to the central school to see what provision the government had made for the safety of the 1,200 pupils in attendance in the event of a fire breaking out. The boys' school is, of course, nothing better than a firetrap and the new addition to the girls' school is not much better. No doubt the affair will bring the matter to the notice of the council at once.

To purify
Your blood
Take Hood's Sarsaparilla.

HON. ED. BLAKE'S LETTER

THE GREAT LIBERAL'S REASONS FOR RETIRING.

He Believes the High Tariff will Lead to National Disaster and Unrestricted Reciprocity to National Obliteration—A Startling Valedictory.

TO THE EDITOR:—I have the honor to enclose for publication, if you see fit, in your journal, a copy of my letter to the West Durham Reform Convention of this date, in which is embodied a copy of my letter read at the convention on the 12th ult., and to which is appended a copy of the paper referred to in the letter so read. Yours,

EDWARD BLAKE.

Toronto, March 3.

HUMEWOOD,
Toronto, March 5th, 1891.

To the Members of the West Durham Reform convention:

GENTLEMEN,—1. On the 11th February last I addressed to your president the following letter:

"Some days ago I requested to be allowed to wait on the convention.

"My object was to ask that my name should be withdrawn, as I found it impossible to accept the honor of a nomination; to give my reasons for this conclusion; to return my heartfelt thanks for the unbounded kindness of four-and-twenty years, and to bid my faithful friends an affectionate farewell.

"With this view I had prepared a paper for communication to them.

"It has been intimated to me that it is not desirable that I should take the course that I had chalked out, and consequently I defer the communication

"Will you have the goodness to read this letter to the convention.

"I will only add that the writing of it is the most painful event in the political life of which it is the close."

2. I have now to ask you to receive my most grateful acknowledgments of your resolution of 12th February, couched in terms which I know are extravagantly beyond any deserts of mine, and which I can accept only as a last and crowning mark of your kindness and partiality.

3. I have feared from the beginning that every hour's fighting in the contest which ends to-day must widen the rift between us; and that its close must leave me isolated in opinion, and deprived of any right to expect your continued confidence.

4. Therefore, I am cheered by no such expectation now.

But I must give you vera pro gratis, truths for compliments. You should know the grounds of my retirement.

And with that view, all excuse for reticence having ceased, I subjoin the paper referred to in my quoted letter.

I have, etc.,

EDWARD BLAKE.

PAPER REFERRED TO IN THE ABOVE LETTER.

HUMEWOOD, Toronto, Feb 6, 1891.

To the members of the West Durham Reform Association:

GENTLEMEN,—1. I hope you will not deem me presumptuous in assuming that my name may be submitted to you as a Liberal candidate for West Durham. By your extraordinary favor I have been permitted to serve you for the greater part of four-and-twenty years, during which long interval public affairs have mainly occupied my time and thoughts. There is much to be done and much to be prevented at Ottawa; and, while deeply sensible of many shortcomings, it yet seems reasonable to suppose that the experience of all these years has made me less unfit than formerly for your service. This is the sphere which offers the best prospect of usefulness to my country, during that short remainder of life in which I would fain labor for her, as remembering that the night cometh when no man can work. I have been anxious, then, to retain the seat with which the habits and interests of my life are interwoven, and to the duties of which I had arranged to devote the bulk of my time. A re-nomination for West Durham would be my greatest prize; the severence of our connection will inflict a bitter pang. Therefore I pray you not to suppose that it is despondency at the failure of past efforts, or preference for ignoble ease or sordid toil, or indifference to your friendship and generous constancy, that leads me to ask the withdrawal of my name. It is due to both of us that you should know my reasons.

2. Irrespective of the trade question, it is important in the interest of our country that the Liberal party, even if it fails to win the election, should yet maintain and increase its strength, in order to the efficient discharge of the great general duties devolving on it—duties at this moment cast into the shade, but none the less essential to the public good.

3. Yet, plainly, the issue which the party has thought fit to tender for the judgment of the electorate is that of unrestricted reciprocity, or absolute free trade with the States; an issue which has been maintained as "the sole party plank" ever since it was put forward in 1887.

4. Being at that time in Europe, I wrote, and after my return fully stated to leading men, my views on this head. It was agreed that, unless the conditions should change, it would clearly be my duty, when called on to address the constituency, to make known those views; but the desire was expressed, in the party interest, that they should not be then published. Having decided to yield to every wish of my friends compatible with honor, and hoping against hope that some turn of events might ameliorate a situation to me most painful, I yielded to this wish.

5. Lately, when a provincial convention was summoned, and our fifth session was approaching, I thought it right to convey to the Riding Association, as a basis of discussion, some brief intimation of my opinions. But, on the statement of prominent men that its publication would, even then, be detrimental to party interests, my letter was held back for a few days. Pending discussions on the matter the dissolution has been precipitated; we are now in the throes of the election, and I feel bound to limit my confidence to you alone to-day.

6. Even when reduced by the elimination of essential political considerations, to its simplest form, our trade and fiscal policy remains a vast and complex question, on which it is impossible within the limits of an address to give much more than general conclusions, omitting many qualifications of statement and links of argument. Of these conclusions some are in their nature speculative, and not demonstrable; and their realization may be precipitated, modified, or retarded by political and sentimental as well as commercial and economic considerations, and by events alike beyond our ken and our control. They are stated then by no means dogmatically, which would be absurd; but only as the best forecasts in my power on doubtful matters, about which, had the times allowed, silence might have been more prudent than speech. So much promised, let me tell you what I think.

7. In our present political condition, a moderate revenue tariff, approximating to free trade with all the world, and coupled with liberal provisions for reciprocal free trade with the States, would be, if practicable, our best arrangement. But—though we may and should greatly improve our tariff, whose defects, anomalies, and oppressions, very serious in 1886, have been much aggravated since; and though we may and should substantially retrench the public expenditure—yet, as explained at Malvern, the result of our policy for the last thirteen years is that we shall be compelled for an indefinite time to raise the bulk of an enormous revenue by high duties on imports. On the other side it seems to be the settled policy of the States to declare a limited reciprocity. So that what would be best is not now attainable.

8. The Canadian Conservative policy has failed to accomplish the predictions of its promoters. Its real tendency has been, as foretold twelve years ago, towards disintegration and annexation, instead of consolidation and the maintenance of that British connection of which they claim to be the special guardians. It has left us with a small population, a scanty immigration, and a Northwest empty still; with enormous additions to our public debt and yearly charge, an extravagant system of expenditure, and an unjust and oppressive tariff; with restricted markets for our needs, whether to buy or to sell, and all the hosts of evils (greatly intensified by our special conditions) thence arising; with trade diverted from its natural into forced and therefore less profitable channels; and with unfriendly relations and frowning tariff walls, ever more and more estranging us from the mighty English-speaking nation to the south, our Leighbors and relations, with whom we ought to be, as it was promised that we should be, living in generous amity and liberal intercourse. Worse; far worse; It has left us with lowered standards of public virtue, and a death-like apathy in public opinion; with racial, religious, and provincial animosities rather inflamed than soothed; with a subservient parliament, an autocratic executive, debauched constituencies and corrupted and corrupting classes; with lessened self reliance and increased dependence on the public chest and on legislative aids; and possessed withal by a boastful jingo spirit, far enough removed from true manliness, loudly proclaiming unreal conditions and exaggerated sentiments, while actual facts and genuine opinions are suppressed. It has left us with our hands tied; our future compromised; and in such a plight that, whether we stand or move, we must run some risks which else we might have either declined or encountered with greater promise of success.

9. Yet let us never despair of our country! It is a goodly land; endowed with great recuperative powers and vast resources, as yet almost undeveloped; inhabited by populations moral and religious, sober and industrious, virtuous and thrifty, capable and instructed—the descendants of a choice immigration, of men of mark and courage, energy and enterprise; in the breasts of whose children still should glow the sparks of those ancestral fires. Under such conditions all is not lost! "Though much be taken, much abides." And if we do but wake from our delusive dreams, face the stern facts in time, repair our errors, and amend our ways, there may still remain for us, despite the irrevocable past, a future, if not so clear and bright as we might once have hoped, yet fair and honorable, dignified and secure.

10. Let me glance at some of the economic propositions which are advanced for our approval. And, first, as to that revival in Britain of home and colonial agricultural protection which Conservatives invite us to expect. Fair traders and federationists, Tories and protectionists to the contrary, notwithstanding—there is I believe no reasonable prospect that the people of the United Kingdom will seriously engage in a struggle to which their whole Liberal party is opposed, and which their Conservative prime minister has likened to a civil war—a struggle to turn back for forty years the clock of time, and to achieve a social, industrial and economic revolution—in order to reimpose protective duties which shall effectively restrict, in favor of their own landlords, and of colonial producers like ourselves, the supply of their staple foods. The increase of foreign manufactures, in part stimulated by hostile tariffs, may rather darken and contract the prospects of Britain as the workshop of the world; some of her dependencies may propose to assert their manhood, and even to assume their places, alone or in partnership with others, in the great family of nations; she may, justly discredit to-day certain of the dogmas of the older school of political economy; her present generation may be less instructed in its fundamental and impregnable propositions than were their fathers who lived through the Corn law campaigns; her impatient democracy may incline to the suggested remedies, however unsuited to her case, of retaliation or reciprocal preference; yet, for all that, I cannot bring myself to believe that she will ever decide to tax the bread and beef which sustain the toilers in her industrial hive. And, indeed, it seems difficult to conceive a suggestion which, coming from Canada would be more calculated than this to alienate British feeling; even though accompanied by the sop of a delusive differential duty in favor of British manufactures.

11. While that free market which the United Kingdom, on a just conception of its own interests, opens permanently to all the world, is to us of very great value; and while every prudent effort should be made to enlarge our exports

(Continued on page 4.)

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

$10,000 In Rewards!

THE CANADIAN AGRICULTURIST'S

— GREAT —

Bible Competition!

OVER ONE THOUSAND SPLENDID PRIZES OFFERED TO COMPETITORS.

This Competition requires no searching through Dictionaries. No matter how young or old you may be, you can win at this. Don't miss this chance to secure a small fortune! 1035 Prizes, all told, to be given away, ranging from a Dollar Bill up to $2000 in cash. Read the following all the way through.

The Publisher of THE CANADIAN AGRICULTURIST offers to the public of the United States and Canada the first Great Bible Competition in connection with America's Popular Farm and Home Journal. The following is the magnificent List of Rewards:

Class A—Total Rewards, $1000 Cash

1. Where are the Ten Commandments first recorded in the Bible?
2. Which is the longest Book in the Old Testament?
3. Which is the shortest Book in the Old Testament?
4. Which is the longest Book in the New Testament?
5. Which is the shortest Book in the New Testament?

REWARDS.

1st Correct Answer will get	$300
2nd " " "	100
3rd " " "	50
10 rewards of $25 each	250
20 " $10 "	200
100 " $1	100

Class B—Total Rewards, $1000 Cash

1. Where are the Ten Commandments to be found the second time in the Bible?
2. Which is the longest Chapter in the Old Testament?
3. Which is the longest Chapter in the New Testament?
4. Which is the shortest Chapter in the Old Testament?
5. Which is the shortest Chapter in the New Testament?

REWARDS.

1st Correct Answer will get	$300
2nd " " "	100
3rd " " "	50
10 rewards of $25 each	250
20 " $10 "	200
100 " $1	100

Class C—Total Rewards, $1,000 Cash.

1. When was Jerusalem destroyed after the birth of Christ?
2. Which is the longest verse in the Old Testament?
3. Which is the longest verse in the New Testament?
4. Which is the shortest verse in the Old Testament?
5. Which is the shortest verse in the New Testament?

REWARDS:

1st Correct Answer will get	$300
2nd " " "	200
3rd " " "	50
10 Rewards of $25 each	250
20 " $10 "	200
100 " $1 "	100

Class D—Total Rewards, $1000 Cash.

1. Which of Paul's epistles was written first?
2. Which of Paul's epistles was written last?
3. How many of Christ's miracles are recorded in the New Testament?
4. How many of His Parables are recorded in the New Testament?
5. Where is the word "Judea" first found in the New Testament?

REWARDS:

1st Correct Answer will get	$300
2nd " " "	100
3rd " " "	50
10 Rewards of $25 each	250
20 " $10 "	200
100 " $1 "	100

Class E—Total Rewards, $1000 Cash

1. How many times does the word "Brethren" appear in the book of Galathians?
2. Where does the word "Cattle" first appear in the New Testament?
3. Where does the word "repent" first appear in the New Testament?
4. Where does the word "Noah" first appear in the Old Testament?

REWARDS

1st Correct Answer will get	$300
2nd " " "	100
3rd " " "	50
10 Rewards of $25 each	250
20 " $10 "	200
100 " $1 "	100

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In addition to the above list, we offer the following grand $5,500 Consolation Reward List for those who compete in all the above classes. These rewards will be given to those who most correctly answer all the above questions.

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2nd Reward	$1,000 in Gold
3rd Reward	Grand Piano valued at $750
4th Reward	$500 Piano
5th Reward	$300 Organ
6th Reward	Ticket to Europe and Return
7th Reward	Gent's Gold Watch
8th Reward	Lady's Gold Watch
9th Reward	Hunting Case Silver Watch
10th Reward	Boy's Silver Watch

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2. Send one dollar with answers for EACH class you compete in, and the CANADIAN AGRICULTURIST will be mailed to you six months for each dollar received. That is, if you compete in all five classes, and send $5, you can have the paper for 2½ years, or you can have it sent to five different persons for six months each.
3. Those who compete in all five classes will be entered as competitors in the Grand Consolation $5500 Class.
4. All rewards delivered free.

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The competition will close on June 4th, 15 days thereafter being allowed for letters to reach us from distant points. A full list of prize winners will at once be published in the CANADIAN AGRICULTURIST. Send 15 cents in stamps or money and get a copy of the paper and full instructions. Address THE CANADIAN AGRICULTURIST, Peterborough, Canada. mar7 3m e w

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(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE No. 13.

Taking effect July 17, 1890.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 8 o'clock, a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 14:30 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 1 going East Monday.)

For Pimper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Moresby Island Friday at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria, Monday at 14:30 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pimper Pass Saturday at 7 o'clock.

Fraser River Route.

Steamers leave New Westminster for Chilliwhack and Way Landings every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports on the 1st and 15th of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports when sufficient inducements offer.

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Steamer Rainbow leaves every Tuesday at 7 a.m., for Cowichan, New Westminster, Burrard Inlet, Bute Inlet and way ports.

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TIME TABLE NO. 13.

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Saturday, October 11th, 1890.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING SOUTH. READ UP.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Sat. and Mon.	Miles from Wellington.	STATIONS.	GOING NORTH. READ DOWN.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Sat. and Mon.	Miles from Victoria.
	Ar.	Ar.				Dp.	Dp.	
	12 55 p m	5 30 p m		VICTORIA		8 00 a m	2 30 p m	
	12 30	5 04	2	SUMMIT		8 30	2 34	2
	12 15	4 44	4	GOLDSTREAM		8 44	2 44	4
	11 54 a m	4 14	7	LAKEHILL		9 04	3 04	7
	11 36	3 54	9	COBBLE HILL		9 19	3 19	9
	11 17	3 34	12	MCPHERSON'S		9 37	3 37	12
	10 57	3 14	15	KOKSILAH		9 57	3 57	15
	10 42	3 00	17	DUNCANS		10 12	4 12	17
	10 20	2 38	21	SOMENOS		10 35	4 35	21
	10 05	2 23	24	CHEMAINUS		10 52	4 52	24
	9 40 a m	1 58 p m	29	NANAIMO		11 20 a m	5 20 p m	29
	8 10 a m	12 30 p m	47	WELLINGTON		12 11 p m	6 59	47

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HON. ED. BLAKE'S LETTER.

[Continued from page 2.]

there and elsewhere beyond the seas, yet the results of all such efforts must be far below those to flow from a free market throughout our own continent.

12. Though the United States tariff will (and, indeed, unless very high sugar duties be reimposed, must) for a long time remain, like our own, decidedly protective; still there is a fair expectation, based on the last election there, that sounder economic views than those of the sitting Congress will soon prevail, and that their tariff will be readjusted on a basis much more moderate and favorable to the consumer than that which preceded the McKinley bill; and may eventually approach what is known as a revenue tariff, incidentally, though still substantially, protective.

13. Having regard to this expectation, unrestricted free trade with the States, secured for a long term of years, would (even though accompanied by higher duties against the rest of the world than I for one admire) give us in practice the great blessing of a measure of free trade much larger than we now enjoy or can otherwise attain; it would greatly advance our most material interests, and help our natural, our largest, most substantial, and most promising industries; it would create an influx of population and capital; and promote a rapid development of forces and materials now almost unused; in three words, it would give us men, money, and markets. Thus it would emphatically be for the general and lasting good. And this, although of course it would produce, as all great changes do, temporary derangement of business and local losses, would strike hard some spindling and exotic industries, wholly tariff born, tariff bred, and tariff fed; and would put upon their mettle a good many manufacturers unaccustomed to the keen breath of competition, and others who would be obliged to adopt the specialization and the improved methods of production and distribution which, to the signal advantage of the general consuming public, a large market allows and demands.

14. Assuming consent on the part of the States, our financial difficulty is to be considered. Obviously, any practicable plan involves differential duties against the United Kingdom and the rest of the world. But, even with such duties, the gaps in our revenue, due to the loss of present taxes on imports from the States, and on imports from Britain, to be replaced by home and U. S. manufactures, would be very great; incapable of being filled by a tea and coffee tax, a bill tax, and other available taxes of a like nature, and by practicable economies. Direct taxation, even in its most promising form, a succession tax, is, I regret to say, at present out of the question. And of the financial problem presented by unrestricted reciprocity I have seen no solution which would leave us without a great deficit.

15. I have said that any feasible plan involves differential duties, but it does more. It involves—as to the bulk by agreement, and as to much from the necessity of the case—the substantial assimilation, in their leading features, of the tariffs of the two countries. The absence of agreement would give to each country power to disturb at will the industrial system of the other; and unrestricted reciprocity without an agreed assimilation of duties is an unsubstantial dream. For example, the States could not at present, without destroying their industrial system, admit free our woolen or iron manufactures, the produce of wool or iron freely imported by us from beyond seas; nor could we, without destroying ours, levy on raw materials higher duties than those laid by the States. At the same time, our revenue necessities would constrain us to call for duties, at the most productive (which, of course, does not mean the highest) rate, or whatever imports might remain available to us for revenue purposes. Again, differing rates of duty on imported goods, of a class also produced here or in the States, would open a wide door to frauds on the transfers of goods of that class between the two countries—a door which could be but imperfectly barred by increased, vexatious, and rigorous customs examinations into the country of origin.

16. Since any practicable arrangement does substantially involve, not only differential duties, but a common tariff, unrestricted reciprocity becomes, in these its redeeming features, difficult to distinguish from commercial union. And commercial union—establishing a common tariff, abolishing international custom-houses, and dividing the total duties between the two countries in agreed proportions—is the more available, perhaps the only available plan. It is much more likely to be accepted by the States, and it would also have advantages for Canada, in both the trade and the revenue aspects, over unrestricted reciprocity, which, while failing to secure substantial control over our tariff, which provide still less adequately for our revenue needs, and would greatly hamper trade by its stringent customs examinations.

17. Permanence in the new relation is of high consequence, both directly and indirectly, to the agricultural interests, and is absolutely essential in order to secure the full development of other great interests, to prevent needless disaster to important industries, and to realize many of the benefits of the plan. Without assured permanence some conservative predictions of evil, else fallacious, would come true; for our undeniable natural advantages in raw material, labor, situation, and facilities would be unnaturally handicapped. No manufacturer, looking to the continental market, would fix or even enlarge his capital or business in the country of five millions, at the risk of being cut off from the country of sixty-five millions. Our neighbors, instead of engaging in manufactures here, would take our markets with goods manufactured there. And our raw materials, instead of being manufactured on the ground, would be exported to be finished abroad. Uncertainty would alarm capital and paralyse enterprise; and therefore I repeat permanence is essential to success.

18. The revenue requirements and other financial conditions of the two countries are not identical; each will change, and each may change diversely from the other. It might be possible to agree on a tariff for a year or two. It would be impossible for either country to fix its tariff for a long term. Changes in the stipulated tariff must therefore be provided for.

19. It would not be practicable to remit the decision as to such changes to a joint board. And whatever shape the arrangements might take it would be necessary to concede to the States, if not a formal, at any rate a practical control, in respect of changes. The latter result would flow from a provision that, in case of difference, either party might terminate the treaty; a stipulation which would in all human probability result in concession by Canada to the States; while its existence would deprive the treaty of that assured permanency whose importance has been demonstrated. I see no plan for combining the two elements of permanency of the treaty and variability of the tariff, which does not involve the practical control of the latter by the States. And I can readily conceive conditions under which, notwithstanding her right to threaten a withdrawal, Canada would have much less influence in procuring or preventing changes than she would enjoy did she compose several States of the Union.

20. Amongst the British people the Canadian preference of United States over British manufactures would be perhaps less unpopular, considered on economic grounds alone, than the alternative scheme of food taxes to which I have referred. Accompanied, as it ought to be, by a fair settlement of all differences with the States, and by the establishment on a firm basis of cordial relations between the English speaking peoples, it would secure high political advantages to the United Kingdom. And the greatest prosperity of Canada, in which the British investor is deeply concerned, and from which, spite of all tariff obstacles, the British manufacturer, too, must reap some slight advantage, would mitigate hostility to the scheme. But, after all, it would be taken in very bad part on economic grounds by the British manufacturing interests, and on Imperial grounds by other important elements of the population; and it would seriously affect the present tone and feelings in regard to the colonial relation.

21. The tendency in Canada of unrestricted free trade with the States, high duties being maintained against the United Kingdom, would be towards political union; and the more successful the plan the stronger the tendency, both by reason of the community of interests, the intermingling of populations, the more intimate business and social connections, and the trade and fiscal relations, amounting to dependency, which it would create with the States; and of the greater isolation and divergency from Britain which it would produce; and also, and especially, through inconvenience experienced in the maintenance and apprehensions entertained as to the termination of the treaty. Our hopes and our fears alike would draw one way. We would then, indeed, be "looking to Washington." Nor is there any fair comparison, in this respect, between the new and the old reciprocal arrangements.

22. It is not absolutely certain that the States would, under existing circumstances, enter into a treaty for unrestricted reciprocity. Though the benefits would be in truth far more widely diffused, yet it is only our neighbor's northern fringe that actually realizes the existence of a material interest in free trade with Canada; and, even there, protectionist fallacies greatly obscure the judgment; various events have excited in many quarters unfavorable feelings; and there is a strong prejudice against lasting treaty arrangements. But the dominating fact is that perhaps fifty millions of their population know little, and care less, about free trade with Canada. Thus it happens that mutually beneficial business relations between the two countries, on principles fair to each, are yet of far more obvious and pressing importance to us as a whole than to them as a whole. And it is this fact which perhaps most strongly emphasizes the supreme folly of a Canadian retaliatory policy. The national sentiment, which is essential to secure their assent to the arrangement, cannot then be evoked by its business element alone. The advantage of adjusting by a comprehensive settlement all causes of differences between the two countries would be very great to both, and might advance the plan; but, on the same reasoning, this advantage is also clearer and greater to us than to them, and cannot therefore be safely reckoned on to evoke the desired sentiment. An underlying feeling, however, there is—latent it may be, and inactive, half unconscious and unformulated; disguised in some quarters, doubted, deprecated, or repudiated in others; like perhaps (should party lines be drawn) to be favored rather by Republicans than by Democrats—yet real, deep-seated, and widespread; and eminently calculated so to attract the popular imagination and fire the popular heart as to transcend all party lines, and to become indeed a truly national sentiment. This feeling is that, some day, sooner or later, a political reorganization of the continent should and must take place; not by force, but by the free consent of its inhabitants. This sentiment, I believe, will largely color opinion as to the plan; which, accordingly, may on the one hand be favored as the best step in the direction of political reorganization; or on the other, discountenanced upon the mistaken theory that its rejection would be the best step in the same direction. And there are obvious forces and methods in our neighbor's, as in all popular politics, which forbid us altogether to disregard the latter contingency. The treaty once made, the vantage ground it gave would naturally be used for the accomplishment of its ulterior purpose; and this political end would be a great factor in the consideration by the States of Canadian views upon changes in the joint tariff, or as to the maintenance or termination of the treaty.

23. The reorganization to which our neighbors look is of course the unification of the continent.

But next to, though much less warmly than, political union, they would favor Canadian independence; and it is quite possible that, in connection with such a policy, advantageous international arrangements on various most important points, not here brought into discussion, might be secured.

24. Without needless lengthy recapitulation you will see by contrasting my views with those of the present advocates of free trade with the States, several serious questions of difficulty and difference—for example, uniformity of tariff and its control, deficiency of revenue and its supply—on which I am unable to adopt their opinions.

25. But one large topic remains, arising out of, or rather underlying, this whole statement, the bearing of which I had hoped, until the news of the dissolution, to reserve for oral discussion. You will doubtless have inferred my opinion that the policy of absolute free trade with the States is intimately connected with, and cannot properly be divorced from, the question of our political future, which, therefore, it must force into the party field. While not disguising my view that events have already greatly narrowed our apparent range, and impeded our apparent freedom of action, I hold by the suggestion that our future should not be settled (as we have allowed it to be settled in the past, perhaps much further than we yet realize) by accident or unwittingly; by sidewinds or the inglorious policy of drift. It should rather be determined, so far as it remains within our own control, of fixed purpose, after due discussion and deliberation, as becomes a free people resolving on their lot. This large problem, involving in our case various suggested plans to which others must be parties, demanded the anxious weighing of conflicting considerations, and a long course of courageous and independent, but calm and dispassionate handling, before it could be advantageously introduced into a party field like ours. Such handling it has not yet received. Nor, indeed, could that have been deemed in the least degree necessary by those promoters of free trade with the States who advance their plan in the belief that it by no means involves our political future; and that it tends, not to the weakening of existing, or the creation of new political relations, but rather to the strengthening of the present connection. Thus it has come to pass that the public mind is in one sense even more unready than formerly, and is at any rate quite unprepared, for the intelligent decision, and hardly disposed even for the fair and candid discussion of the question.

26. It would not be possible here even to epitomize the many points which occur upon the several projects for federation with the United Kingdom, for independence, and for political union with the States, all of which are thought to have once been, or still to remain, open in some sense to our choice. Were that possible, it would yet be absurd to employ the critical moment of an election in the preliminaries of such a wide debate. Nor do I believe, as I have said, that a wise solution is to be advanced by bringing the discussion into the party field to-day. And at any rate I am anxious that you should have the opportunity, if you think it worth your while, of considering what I have been obliged to set before you, unprejudiced by any further intimation of my views on this point. Thus I do not add to the many matters with which you have been necessarily troubled any speculations of my own as to our future.

27. It is not needful that I should. Whatever you or I may think on that head—whether we like or dislike, believe or disbelieve in, political union—must we not agree that the subject is one of great moment, towards the practical settlement of which we should take no serious step without reflection, or in ignorance of what we are doing? Assuming that absolute free trade with the States, best described as commercial union, may and ought to come, I believe that it can and should come only as an incident, or at any rate as a well understood precursor, of political union, for which, indeed, we should be able to make better terms before than after the surrender of our commercial independence. Then so believing—believing that the decision of the trade question involves that of the constitutional issue, for which you are unprepared, and with which you do not even conceive yourselves to be dealing—how can I properly recommend you now to decide on commercial union?

28. Do not suppose that these are with me questions of yesterday. Long ago, while leader of the Liberal party, it became my duty to examine into a similar design, submitted by a political architect of some reputation. I thought the foundations insecure, the lines defective, and the estimates of cost inadequate. It seemed to me that the proposed structure could be erected only on that different foundation those other lines, and that larger cost which has been described. For this it was conceded that the people were not then prepared. And I was unable to propose the design for adoption as a party plan. My views remain unchanged to-day.

29. It has caused me deep distress to differ from my political friends. Gravely distrusting my judgment as to opinions unshared, difficulties unfelt, and consequences unforseen by them, I sincerely wish to be found—as I have earnestly striven to find myself—in error.

30. But it is to our own convictions, right or wrong, that we must, after all, be true. To put forward opinions we do not hold, or ignore difficulties we cannot solve, or deny or conceal the tendencies and results of policies we undertake to propound, would be dishonest and unworthy. And therefore I could not address the electors of West Durham without speaking my mind freely on the points I have advanced.

31. Had the elections been deferred to the usual and expected time, I should probably have felt it right within a short space so to address them. But I do not find myself free to-day to speak my mind. Without being so presumptuous as to imagine that my judgment is entitled to weight when unconfirmed by that of my political friends, I yet recognize the extensive and effective use, too commonly made by the adversary, of the slightest divergent expression of opinion from the humblest member of an opposing organization. My late relation to the party emphasizes the present application of this remark. And I have come to the conclusion, confirmed by the judgment of leading men, that the publication of these opinions would inflict much more damage on my friends than the slight injury which may result from my silent withdrawal.

32. Now, while unable to fight under false colors, neither can I endure, at the very height and crisis of the battle into which a wrongful dissolution has unexpectedly plunged the Liberal party, to take a different tack, or turn one hostile gun against the well-loved friends in whose company, whether as comrade or commander, I have sailed so many stormy seas, and fought so many hot engagements; whose general course I approve, and whose ships I wish, not wrecked, but safe in port.

33. What then is left for me to do? This only. Since I cannot help, to hurt as little as I may; and therefore to go down, with my own little ship, in silence; bearing for the moment all consequent misconstruction; and leaving, till the Ides of March be past, the explanation of my action.

34. May I beg you then to treat my statement, made now to you alone, as given for the time in sacred confidence; to accept my heartfelt thanks and undying gratitude for your past kindness; and to let me bid you, with emotion deeper than I can express, an affectionate farewell.

Your faithful servant,
EDWARD BLAKE.

"The Blood is the Life."

Runs the old saying, and everything that ever makes part of any organ of the body must reach its place therein through the blood. Therefore, if the blood is purified and kept in good condition by the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla, it necessarily follows that the benefit of the medicine is imparted to every organ of the body. Can anything be simpler than the method by which this excellent medicine gives good health to all who will try it fairly and patiently."

A Natural Filter.

The liver acts as a filter to remove impurities from the blood. To keep it in perfect working order use B. B. B., the great liver regulator.

I used two bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters for liver complaint, and can clearly say I am a well woman to-day. MRS. C. P. WILEY, Upper Otnabog, N. B.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

MEDICAL.

Faber's Golden Female Pills.

For Female Irregularities; nothing like them on the market. Never fail. Successfully used by prominent ladies monthly. Guaranteed to relieve suppressed menstruation.

SURE! SAFE! CERTAIN!

Don't be humbugged. Save Time, Health, and money; take no other.

Sent to any address, secure by mail on receipt of price, $2.00. Address,

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Western Branch, Box 27, PORTLAND, OR.
COCHRANE & MUNN, Druggists, cor. Yate and Douglas streets, Sole Wholesale Agents for Victoria. apl1vr-eod

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your drug gist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH. For sale by LANGLEY & CO. Victoria. nov1

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION,

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS TEST! Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Body and Brain, Poor Memory, Dullness and Wakefulness, Sleeplessness, caused by excesses or indiscretions, Nervous Headache, Dizziness and Fits, Premature Decay, and all diseases caused by indiscretion or overtaxed youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00. Manufactured by the Nervine Chemical Co. Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by LANGLEY & CO. Victoria, B.C. nov9-ly

THE CRY OF MILLIONS

OH, MY BACK!

STOP IT NOW,

SOON IT WILL BE TOO LATE.

I have been troubled many years with disease of the kidneys and have tried many different remedies and have sought aid from different physicians without relief. About the 15th of April I was suffering from a very violent attack that almost prostrated me in such a manner that I was bent over. When I sat down it was almost impossible for me to get up alone, or to put on my clothes, when God Providence sent Dr. Henley, with the DRAGON KIDNEY TEA, to my hotel. I immediately commenced using the tea. It had an almost miraculous effect, and to the astonishment of all the guests at the hotel, in a few days I am happy to state, that I was a new man. I will recommend the tea to all afflicted as I have been.

G. A. TOWNER,
Proprietor Occidental Hotel, Santa Rosa, Cal.

D. E. CAMPBELL, AGENT,
NO. 68 FORT STREET. aug6-1yr

ERRORS OF YOUNG AND OLD

Organic Weakness, Failing Memory, Lack of Energy, Physical Decay, positively cured by Hamilton's Pills(tes). Also Nervous Debility, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Ambition, Stunted Development, Loss of power, Pains in the Back, Sleeplessness, Aversion to Society, Dread for Study, Excessive Introspection, and all Evil Results. Every bottle guaranteed. $1.00 sold everywhere, or following stamp for sealed particulars. J. C. HAMILTON, Druggist, 393 Yonge St., Toronto, Ont. Mention TIMES.

LAND NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease the following pieces of land, situated in Renfrew District, described as follows:—

No. 1. Commencing at a post on the western line of the E. & N. Railway lands; thence west 80 chains; thence south 60 chains, more or less, to the beach; thence easterly 50 chains; thence north 60 chains, more or less, to point of commencement.

No. 2. Commencing at a post on the beach about 30 chains west of Coal Creek; thence north 120 chains; thence west 100 chains; thence south 100 chains; thence east 100 chains to the eastern boundary line; all for timber.

WM. P. SAYWARD.
Victoria, Feb. 16, 1891. fe21-1m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT 30 days after date I intend to apply to Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease the following described timber land in Renfrew District:—Commencing at a post about ¼ of a mile west of Point No Point; thence north 60 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south about 60 chains to the beach; thence easterly along the shore 80 chains to point of commencement.

WM. P. SAYWARD.
Victoria 16th Feb. 1891. fe24-1m

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

An Undivided fifth of Suburban Lot No. xxxviii also Subdivision Lot No. 15 on Suburban Lot xiv and xxxvii, and Sections lxi and lxii Esquimalt Dis-

CERTIFICATES OF INDEFEASIBLE title to the above property will be issued to Thomas Atkins on the 16th day of April, 1891, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the Registrar-General, in writing, by some person claiming an estate, or interest in said property or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry office,
Victoria, 5th Jan., 1891. Jan. 8-3m.

REMOVED.

H. G. WATERSON,
JOB PRINTER
Office over Erskine's Shoe Store.
GOVERNMENT STREET. m17-6m

--: PRINTING :--
By Electric Motor Power.

JAS. A. COHEN,
38 FORT STREET,
Having made extensive additions to his printing office, is now prepared to execute all kinds of Book, Job, News and Poster Printing inferior to none produced in Victoria, at low prices.

Come and See the Electric Motor.
m17-1y

SNOWFLAKE
FLOUR
--:-- FOR FAMILY USE, --:--
IS THE BEST.
Ask your Grocer for it. Have no Other.
Manufactured by
ISOM LANNING & CO.,
ALBANY, OREGON.

For Xmas and New Year's PRESENTS.
Hyacinth Glasses in great variety and highly ornamental designs.
Fancy Flower Pots.
Flowering Plants and Cut Flowers.
Also Holly for decorating.
G. A. M'TAVISH,
Nurseryman,
Seedsman - and - Florist,
PARK ROAD.

FRANK B. FENWICK,
TENOR VOCALIST.
Organist & Choirmaster St. Andrew's Church.
VOCAL TEACHER ANGELA COLLEGE.
TEACHER OF
Vocal, Instrumental and Musical Theory.
VOICE CULTURE A SPECIALTY.
TERMS MODERATE.
Residence, 142 Menzies Street, Victoria.
P. O. Box 483. no7-tf

BRITISH COLUMBIA
LAND AND INVESTMENT
AGENCY
(Limited.
THOMAS ALLSOP, HENRY S. MASON, CUYLER A. HOLLAND. } DIRECTORS.
HEAD OFFICE:
15 Serjeant's Inn, Fleet Street, London, Eng.
The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above company and will be carried on by the Company as a general Land and Investment and Insurance Agency.

Money to Loan on Mortgage
AT LOW RATES.
TOWN LOTS AND FARMING LANDS
For Sale on Easy Terms.

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD,
ESTABLISHED 1867.
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER,
32 Government St., Victoria.

THOS. STOREY
Funeral Director & Embalmer
lm9 42 & 44 Gov't St., Victoria. ly

NOTICE

WE HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT AT the next sitting of the Bench of Licensing Magistrates of the City of Victoria we will apply for a transfer to Michael Powers of the license now held by us to sell wines and liquors by retail on the premises known as the Brown Jug Saloon situate at the corner of Fort and Government streets in the said City of Victoria.

W. M. CROFT.
M. POWERS.
Victoria, March 13, 18. ma13-1m

CONSIGNEES NOTICE.

British Bark Irvine, Capt. Jones.

This vessel will discharge Cargo at our wharf to-morrow (March 13th) and following days.

Consignees are requested to present bills of lading at the office of the undersigned, pay freight, and receive delivery orders for their goods.

All goods remaining on the wharf after 5 p.m. each day, and while on the wharf, will be at the risk of the consignees thereof, respectively, and may be stored at their expense.

R. P. RITHET & CO., LTD.,
Consignees of Vessel.
Victoria, 12th March, 1891. m12-6t

NOTICE.

Estate of William Hammond, Deceased.

CREDITORS OF WILLIAM HAMMOND, late of the City of Victoria, civil engineer, deceased, are requested to send their claims, and debtors to pay their accounts, forthwith, to the undersigned.

J. ROLAND HETT,
Solicitor for Frances Gertrude Hammond, executrix of the will of the deceased. m12-1m

NOTICE.

The co-partnership heretofore existing between William Croft and McClure Powers, in the Brown Jug Saloon, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. Croft retires from the business; Mr. Powers assumes all liabilities and collects all debts accruing to the said firm.

W. CROFT.
M. POWERS.
ma11-6t

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT APPLICATION will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia for an Act to incorporate a company to construct, maintain and operate a line of railway from the City of Victoria to Becher Bay, and to construct, maintain and operate a telegraphic line, in connection with the said railway, and for all necessary rights, powers and privileges.

CHARLES WILSON,
Solicitor for Applicants.
fe2-6w

NOTICE

I HAVE this day transferred my business of Furniture Manufacturer, and Importer of House Furnishing Good, to my sons, who will continue to carry on the business under the firm name of Weiler Bros. All accounts due to me are to be paid to them, and all accounts against me will be paid by the new firm. Thanking all my customers and the public in general for their liberal patronage in the past, I bespeak for the new firm a continuance of the same.

JOHN WEILER.
Victoria, B. C., Janbary 31st, 1891.

NOTICE—PARTNERSHIP.

We, the undersigned, have this day taken over the business of John Weiler, and will continue to carry on the same under the firm name of Weiler Bros. All accounts due to the late firm must be paid to us, and we will pay all accounts owing by the late firm.

GEORGE PHILLIP WEILER.
CHARLES WEILER.
OTTO WEILER.
JOSEPH WILLIAM WEILER.
Victoria, B. C., January 31, 1891. fe3

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

THE UNDERSIGNED will receive tenders up to noon Saturday, 21st inst., for the erection and completion of a frame building, for mill purposes, at the outer wharf, for Brackman & Ker.

Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

JNO. TEAGUE,
Architect.
mar9-1d (Colonist copy)

THE PEERLESS CHAMPION
Weather Strips
Applied to doors and windows.
They stop the drafts.
They save the fuel.
They preserve the furniture.
They protect the health.
Sold and fitted by
J. P. BURGESS,
No. 10 Broughton St.
ed-3m

FENCE POSTS
Split cedar fence posts for sale in small or large lots. Leave orders at
SCOTCH ASHERY, 102 DOUGLAS ST.
ja14-4m

WANTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS of To Let, Wanted Etc., under these heads, four lines or under 50 cents for two insertions and 25 cents each additional insertion. Cash to accompany order.

WANTED—Two Columbia river fishing boats in good order. Apply to J. & A. Cleeriihue, 28 Yates St. mar12-1m

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. Hutcheson, 38 the Crescent. ma14-tf

WANTED—A strong young woman for general housework. Apply immediately to No. 3 Humboldt street, city. mar14-3t

WANTED—For Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital two strong women to scrub floors etc., $15 per month with board etc., apply to the Matron. mar14-tf

WANTED—A journeyman sail maker. Apply to C. H. Jones, sail maker, Vancouver, B.C. ma13-2t

WANTED—Vest makers to work on wholesale work. Apply to T. B. Pearson & Co. ma13-1w

WANTED—An active interest in a saw or shingle mill, or any kind of work around machinery by a steady engineer, will run on shares or salary. Apply M. No. 15 Caledonia avenue. ma13-2t

WANTED—Young man about 18 or 20 years of age as office assistant. Apply to "Alpha" TIMES office. ma13-3t

WANTED—Children to board at Stronmess Farm, Burnside Road, terms moderate, school near by. Apply G. M. TIMES office. mar12-1m

WANTED—Light work in family or about a store. Wages not so much an object as employment. Address Fred Schultz, this office. mar9-tf

WANTED—New houses, &c., to clean, by day or by contract. Address B. TIMES Office. mar6-3w

TO LET.

TO LET—New four roomed cottage, No. 10 Churchway, with furniture for sale. Rent moderate. For particulars call at premises. mar11-1w

TO LET—One or two rooms and kitchen; all well furnished. 63 Superior street, James Bay, cars pass the door. ma4-tf

TO LET—Furnished room for gentleman. Bath, hot and cold water. Handy to town. Terms moderate. Address G. H. K. TIMES Office. feb16-tf

TO LET—Offices and rooms Turner Block, Crane, McGregor & Boggs, 30 Broad street. fe12 2m

TO LET—Two or three furnished bedrooms in a private family in James Bay; quite near the tramway. Address box 265, G.P.O., Victoria, B.C. fe12-tf

TO LET—House with 7 rooms and bath; rent $25 a month. Enquire of J. A. Lawrence, No. 16 Government street. Jan27-tf

TO LET—New and nicely furnished rooms with or without fires, by day, week or month. Apply 62 Yates street. no28-tf

TO LET,—After July 1st, the handsome residence Maplehurst, 153 Blanchard street, unfurnished. Apply C. W. Rhodes. np18-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A grocery and bakery business with house and store to let. Apply on the premises, 25 Government St. mar12-1m

FOR SALE—One first class ¾ bred cow, will calf about March 25th; 3rd calf; first class milch cow; also a lot of ¾ Berkshire pigs, will be ready about the 15th of April. Address T. J. Russell, box 302. ma9-tf

FOR SALE—Eggs for setting from pure bred Plymouth Rock chickens; also a few hens for sale. Address T. Whitwell, 25 Parkington street, city. mar2-1m

FOR SALE—Cheap; a good hotel business. Address "Hotel" TIMES office. fe5-tf

FOR SALE—Cheap; a five roomed house and lot 60x140. Apply on the premises, 19 Pioneer street or 90 Yates street. ja24-tf

FINANCIAL.

A HOME PAID FOR and mortgages and debts liquidated BY LIFE ASSURANCE. Full particulars may be obtained by letter or on personal application to J. H. BROWNLEE, District Manager, Equitable Life. Telephone No. 179. ja30 42 Fort st.

EDUCATIONAL.

SCHOOLS OF PRACTICAL, CIVIL, Mechanical, Mining Engineering, Surveying, Draughting, Architecture, Assaying and Navigation, 1708 Second street, Portland, Or., and 723 Market street, San Francisco, Cal. Established 1864. A. WANDER NAILLEN, Pres. Send for circular. sep15-1yr

SOCIETIES.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS.

Court Vancouver No. 5735 A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Forester's Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited. fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE, No. 2, A. F. & A. M., R.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Pandora streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy22 d. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH Chapter, No. 128, R.R.S. Regular convocations held on the 1st Tuesday of every month, at Masonic Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited. R. LANGLEY, jy15 Scribe E.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, K. of P. Regular convention every Friday evening at Foresters' Hall, Government street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. R. PETERSON, C. C. E. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN SOCIETY meets on the 1st Friday in every month at their hall, corner Langley and Broad streets, when all Scotchmen are invited to join. J. M. MURDOCH, Secretary.

ARCHITECTS.

T. B. NORGATE & CO., ARCHITECTS, ENGINEERS AND PATENT AGENTS. Sketches, Plans, Elevations, Specifications etc. prepared. Office, Moody's Block, 76 Yates street, Victoria B. C. mMf

EDWD. McCOSKRIE ARCHITECT AND BUILDING SUPERINTENDENT. Belmont Co. Block, Yates street, Victoria, B. C. P.O. box 41. se29tf

HOOPER & GODDARD ARCHITECTS. Offices over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

P. H. DONOVAN, ARCHITECT. Office, Croft & Norris Block, Douglas street. Plans and specifications furnished on the shortest notice. ap2tf

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT. Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce fe16tf

PHYSICIANS.

DR. ERNEST HALL, ROYAL COLLEGE PHYSICIANS EDINBURGH. Graduate in eye, Philadelphia, late Assistant Central London Throat and Ear Hospital. Office, corner Yates and Douglas streets. House, Iroquois Hotel, corner Fort and Quadra. Hours 2 to 7 p.m. jy25-tf

HOMŒOPATHY. DR. JOHN HALL, 28 Yates street, over Cochrane and Munn's Drug Store. DISEASES OF WOMEN AND CHILDREN A SPECIALTY. Office hours: from 1 to 4 p.m. only excepting Sundays and holidays.

INSURANCE.

JOYCE & MEYER, REAL ESTATE, FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE AGENTS, Room 6, Bank of B. C. Building, Victoria. ma14

THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY. Established 1797. Amount insured $370,000,000. H. D. HELMCKEN, Agent, Yates street, Victoria, B. C. ja31-1y

CIVIL ENGINEERS, Etc.

C. W. BUSK, Assoc. M. Inst. C.E., M. Soc. C.E. MINING AND GENERAL SURVEYOR AND CIVIL ENGINEER. Plans and estimates furnished, reports prepared, works undertaken, and contracts superintended for all kinds of Engineering or Surveying work in the south part of the West Kootenay District. Address P. O. Box 502, Victoria, B. C., or Nelson, Kootenay Lake B. C. 1m29

G. HARGREAVES, CIVIL ENGINEER, LAND SURVEYOR AND ARCHITECT. Plans, specifications and estimates furnished for buildings. S. E. corner of Government and Fort streets, upstairs, Victoria, B. C.

GRAY & DEVEREUX, CIVIL ENGINEERS And Railway, Land and Mine Surveyors. Plans, specifications and estimates of structures and excavations prepared for contractors. Surveys taken by contract in all parts of the province and Washington. Timber limits located. Office—Room "C," White House (upstairs), Government street. P.O. Box 358. Branch office in Seattle. feb7-6m

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. ju18

JOHN DOHERTY GENERAL SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coal and wood for sale. ma27-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

QUEEN'S MARKET. L. GOODACRE, Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON, PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS. Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Ranges and Cooking stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B.C. Telephone call 128

JOHN J. AUSTIN, NOTARY PUBLIC. Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property to Lease. Office Government street Victoria. P.O. Box 93.

DALBY, BALLENTYNE & CLAXTON'S SPECIAL COLUMN

CITY REAL ESTATE.

$500—Belmont Avenue (Fernwood) high situation; one lot.

$650—North Pembroke street; two lots; $650 each.

$650—Fernwood Road; one good lot.

$850—Rithet street; lot 57ft. 6in. x132.

$500—David street (Work Estate); ½ lot 30 x 120.

$850—Fernwood Road; corner lot.

$900—South Turner street; 52x112.

$1000—Henry street; (Work estate); lot 60 x 120.

$1400—Pandora street; near Cook street; lot 60x120.

$1600—Corner lot 80x130 on Toronto street.

$3000—Simcoe street; 3 lots.

$8500—Belcher street; 5 acres; handsome residential site.

TO LET.

$15—Offices in the Belmont Block.

$18—Johnson street; six roomed cottage.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

$200—Burnside road; one good lots 62ft. 6in. x1320.

$400—Richmond Road; lot 60x120.

$400—Burnside Road; ¼ of an acre; $50 cash; balance monthly payments within two years; all cleared and no rock or swamp.

$400—Burnside Road; corner lot on 66ft. street.

$700—Gorge road; ¼ acre; $75 cash; balance monthly payments within two years; a fine building site.

$1950—Lake Hill Estate; 5 acres in good location.

$2500—Constance Cove; four good water lots.

$13,000—Oak Bay Avenue; on line of proposed extension of Electric Railway; 13 acres.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

$2000—Spring Ridge; 5 roomed cottage; well built; double floors and walls.

$2500—Pandora street; new cottage; 7 rooms; can be completed to suit purchaser; easy terms.

$3000—Third street, Work Estate; two storey house, 10 rooms.

$5500—Quadra street; 7 rooms; 60 ft. lot.

FARMS.

15—Acres, Cary road (chicken ranch); $4000.

20—Acres; Cedar Hill Road; house, orchard, etc.; $3000.

100—Acres, Sequimalt District; $30 per acre.

100—Acres Victoria District; $35 per acre.

500—Acres Westminster District; $40 per acre.

200—Acres Lake District; $250 per acre.

No Hereafter.

A legal gentleman to-day asked a TIMES reporter why it was that chickens had to hereafter. The scribe did not know. "Because they have their next world here," was the reply. A dull, sickening silence fell on the newsman as the joke slowly percolated through his mind, and he grasped the idea that the chickens had their necks wrung here.

GILMORE AND McCANDLESS

CLOTHIERS & HATTERS

The oldest established clothing house in the Province.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS.

The largest clothing house in the Province.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS.

The lowest price clothing house in the Province.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS.

Ready made suits altered and pressed on the premises.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS.

Men's Tweed suits, 500 to select from.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS.

Men's Black Worsted Suits in sacque and frock coats.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS.

Men's pants from $1.50 to $6.50.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS.

Men's summer overcoats

GILMORE & McCANDLESS.

Boys' and Youths' suits.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS.

Men's all wool overshirts at $1.00 worth 1.50.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS.

Good silk umbrellas $2.75.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS.

Men's fancy flannel overshirts $1.25

GILMORE & McCANDLESS.

Men's white and colored shirts from 60c. to $2.50

GILMORE & McCANDLESS.

Trunks and valises.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS.

Blankets, white and colored.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS.

Suits to order $25, 27 and 30; good Tweeds.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS.

Black and fancy Worsted suits $40 to 45.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS.

Pants, a big range $6 up.

Gilmore & McCandless

37 JOHNSON STREET,

Telephone Call 563. Victoria, B.C.

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SUBSCRIPTION:

Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week.....25 cts. By mail to any part of the world, per year $10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States, or Great Britain for $1.00 per annum, paid in advance.

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Address THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,

WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

THE GLOBE'S ANALYSIS OF MR. BLAKE.

Yesterday, for the first time since the election, the eastern papers were glanced at with the expectation of finding something in them that was not a rehash of arguments pro and con in respect of the merits of the policy of the contending political parties. Nor was expectation wholly disappointed. The Globe's leading article is political, but it refers to Mr. BLAKE. Passing on his letter the Globe observes, that:

"It never entered Mr. Blake's mind to accuse his old comrades of disloyalty in the Tory sense of the over-worked word. He has always felt that the first duty, the highest allegiance of the Canadian people is to Canada. He differs from the Liberal leaders and from the Liberal rank and file in this—that while he recognizes to the full that immense material benefits would flow to the Dominion from a policy of unrestricted trade, he regards the policy itself as impracticable, or, to be more precise, believes it to be surrounded with difficulties which he sees no way of overcoming. "He thinks," the Globe continues "that unrestricted trade would involve a large diminution of the customs revenue which could not be made up by other taxes; and that, to be workable at all, it must take the form of commercial union, which would require the establishment of a common tariff with a revenue pool between us and the United States."

"He cannot see how the essential element of permanency could be secured for unrestricted trade. The existing policy of commercial isolation Mr. Blake condemns without stint. "It has left us," he says, "with a small population, a scanty immigration, and a Northwest empty still; with enormous additions to our public debt and yearly charge, an extravagant system of expenditure, and an unjust and oppressive tariff; with restricted markets for our needs, whether to buy or sell, and all the host of evils (greatly intensified by our special conditions) thence arising; with trade diverted from its natural into forced and therefore less profitable channels; and with unfriendly relations and frowning tariff walls ever more and more estranging us from the mighty English-speaking nation to the south—our neighbors and relations with whom we ought to be, as it was promised that we should be, living in generous amity and liberal intercourse." Our best policy, he observes, would be free trade with all the world, but the revenue difficulty puts that resort out of the question."

Such reasoning is fatiguing. Always, and eternally in negation is the Hon. EDWARD BLAKE. Free trade with all the world is Canada's best policy, but the revenue difficulty puts that resort out of the question. Here is a pretty kettle of fish. If Canada is going to the dogs for the want of free trade, and will go to the dogs if she adopts it, what shall she do? Mr. BLAKE ought to assist Canada out of this dilemma, but not a word of hope and comfort does he offer. The "able editor," however, who like DANIEL is somewhat given to interpretation, makes it appear that Mr. BLAKE, if not an annexationist at the same time regards annexation inevitable. Says the Mail:—

"There is but one interpretation to Mr. Blake's letter. It is that both protection and unrestricted reciprocity head for annexation, and that the Liberals, who are not responsible for the one policy, should be careful how they go about the other lest the forfeiture of our commercial independence should make severe the terms upon which what he would fain hope is not our ultimate destiny may be fixed. The letter is certainly a disturber. Had it appeared while the campaign was in progress its influence would have been marked."

Certainly from the way Mr. BLAKE has put things, this interpretation is warranted; but as this paper pointed out a few days ago in an article on this subject, unrestricted reciprocity need not lead to political union, while it is inevitable that protection will, unless Canada can find a European outlet for her surplus products.

The Queen City Building Society helps you to save money. It will aid you in building a house. You may by its means become your own landlord. Prospectus & Bylaws at 40 Fort street.

THE NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RAILWAY.

The Nelson and Fort Sheppard Railway Company we believe intend to apply to the Legislative Assembly for a land grant to enable them to float their bonds in the New York or London markets. The principle of aiding railway enterprises which are projected in our mountainous sections, which are thinly peopled, and in which mines have recently been discovered, and which as yet are totally undeveloped, has always been acted upon by the present Government. The course of the Government in imposing a royalty on the precious metals, if persevered in would be a source of great damage to our province, but the indignation of the people of the mining districts has exhibited itself so unmistakably that the Royalty clause will be repealed. When separated from this pernicious principle and with proper safeguards, we coincide with the policy of granting reasonable assistance to those lines which are first in breaking down the barriers that nature has erected around our richest mineral districts, and which will bring in wealth and population for their development. But wherever aid of any description is sought from the Province for a railway, it should be accompanied with such restrictions as the Legislature sees fit to impose. Among these is the exclusion of Chinese. The public have now settled down to the opinion that Chinese immigration should be checked. No means of checking it will be so efficacious as the principle of refusing them employment, not only on public but also upon all private works which are sanctioned and aided by the province. Let this policy be once adopted and the influx of Chinese will cease. Another thing should be asked in granting aid to railways, that the time for beginning them, and for getting them in working order, should be rigidly fixed. It should be understood that this limit will not be extended unless in extraordinary cases. And so long as the policy of subsidizing railways is pursued, it is only common justice that there should be a uniform scheme, in order that it may not be left to the caprice of a government, or of a legislature, to give public aid to one enterprise which is refused to another equally as much in the public interest.

In the case of the Nelson and Fort Sheppard road, we are informed that the promoters have made arrangements for the placing of their bonds if they can be secured by a reasonable land grant. In such case they will be able to proceed at once, and complete the road. Speed in construction is what the Kootenay district demands. Whatever benefits that section will benefit the whole province. If a land grant is made, let it be accompanied by a proviso that no delay shall occur in commencing the construction, as soon as the act is sanctioned at Ottawa. Unfortunately for us, any act passed by the provincial parliament can be delayed in its operation for a year, or for that matter disallowed if the Dominion Government do not see fit to allow it as within the powers of the province, for that space of time. We do not anticipate, however, any attempt on the part of the powers at the capital to disallow this act. If a disallowance should take place, the scenes which occurred in Manitoba on a similar occasion would be enacted again in this Province. But we do not think Sir JOHN MACDONALD, with his diminished strength, cares about raising the question of provincial rights with British Columbia.

We think the land grants which have hitherto been made have in some cases been larger than they should be, and we would advise the N. & Ft. S. Co. to be moderate in their request. If they are so, and a Chinese exclusion clause can be inserted in their charter, we shall willingly support their demand.

The leader of the Government has evidently been opposed to this company, although he only displayed this opposition by his speeches, and voted with the majority, which was evidently too large in his estimation to be trifled with. It will be well for him if he pays heed to the "handwriting on the wall," and does not seek to cripple a new and deserving enterprise which bids fair to advance very materially the prosperity of the whole country. No restrictive policy will in future be countenanced by the people. Railways must be free to all capitalists in whatsoever direction they may wish to build them. And the principle must be asserted by our legislature that our province shall be free to enact her own railway laws, to grant her own railway charters within the limits of the province, and wherever an enterprise is worthy of aid, and crippled by the natural obstacles with which it is surrounded, to extend such aid as may put it in a good and favorable position to pay a profit to those who undertake it.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Empress of India is designed to carry 200 saloon passengers; 60 second class and 500 steerage—these last chiefly Chinese coolies, for whose special delectation an "opium room" has been provided on board. Accommodations for 500 Chinese coolies with an "opium room" to boot! How considerate. It should appear that between accommodation for 500 Chinese passengers and an "opium room" the C.P.R. regard the repeal of the per capita tax as a matter of course.

The Colonist this morning in an article that sounds very Premierish, replies to the NEWS last attack of the school bill. The author endeavors to make a point by showing that the school bill answers exactly to what the NEWS has been pleading for—the decentralization of schools. "It, the NEWS, wanted local control (of the schools) and it is going to have it," taunts the Premier, or his inspired writer. Yes, the Premier taunts his antagonist, exults over having given the cities decentralized schools, and at the same time having strengthened the grip of the Government. There is one thing the NEWS will have learned during this session of the House, if it learns nothing else, and that is that JOHN ROBSON is not the man to reflect any policy but his own.

The Colonist argues that school trustees appointed by the Board of Aldermen must represent the people. As an abstract proposition this will pass, but it is the reverse of a concrete truth. The Board of Aldermen will appoint their *own* trustees, having care, probably, if they are candidates for re-election that their appointments shall not prove wholly distasteful to the people. The man who argues that the choice of the aldermen can by any possible means be the people's choice except in so far as the aldermen defer to the wishes of the people is either a fool or a hypocrite.

Says the Colonist: "We ask any impartial man, who are more likely to select capable trustees, the aldermen who have all the available men and women in the city to choose from, or the electors who must elect the candidates who offer themselves for the office? The great bulk of the electors can know very little about the capabilities of the candidates, and the candidates themselves are not always the best judges of their own fitness."

The Colonist thinks the aldermen are all right, but who makes the aldermen? The people. Now if the people are fit to elect school trustees, what do the "great bulk of electors" know more about aldermen than they do about candidates for school trusteeship? If the people are fit to elect aldermen they are fit to elect school trustees. But Mr. ROBSON can't see it; it does not suit his purpose.

SABBATH NOT SUNDAY.

TO THE EDITOR:—In the Colonist "Nemo" said, if "Anti-Sundayite" had called himself "Anti-Christ" he might know how to handle the fellow. Did "Nemo" think that "Anti-Sundayite" would make a liar of himself to give "Nemo" a point how to handle himself? Send a goose to Dover, and he will come the same thing over. If Nemo had called himself J. L. Sullivan for the purpose of driving "Anti-Sundayite" from the country without the shedding of a tear, would that make it so? All his dirty words will not bring that about. "Nemo" gives eight texts of scripture to prove Sunday not Saturday. If the apostles met on Sunday or any other day would that prove it if so? "Nemo" is right when he asks what had the apostles to do with it. I maintain that God's laws never were changed, nor can they be from first to last. Read Matthew, 5, 18, 19; Rev. 22, 18, 19.

ANTI-SUNDAYITE.

Stanley Books.

Stanley books are now as common as coughs and colds. To get rid of the latter use Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, the best Canadian cough cure for children or adults. It cures by its soothing, healing and expectorant properties every form of throat and lung trouble, pulmonary complaints, etc.

Wisdom's Violet Cream

Is the most exquisite preparation in the world for softening and whitening the hands and face. It is not only a substitute for, but in every respect superior to glycerine, cold cream, vaseline, and like preparations. Try it. D. E. Campbell, Agent.

Merchants Luncheon.

From 11:30 until 2 o'clock and Lowenbrau at the Bank Exchange.

Coal Oil $3.25 per case, at R. H. Jameson, 33 Fort street.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

STANLEY HOUSE

General Dry Goods,

CORNER BROAD AND YATES STS

OUR Lines of Domestic Cotton Goods are in full range. Now is the time to buy your Sheetings, Cottons, etc., these goods are from the best mills in Canada and are marked at our usual low prices. Sheetings, 8, 9 and 10-4 bleached and grey; calicoes we commence a splendid line in grey at 14 yards for $1; in white a calico equal to anything in the trade at 10c.

Canton Flannels in variety commencing at 10 yards for $1; Shirtings, Ginghams, etc., etc., at bedrock prices, give us a call.

Our prints, Sateens, and Cashmerettes are daily expected, they contain the latest and prettiest designs of the season. Watch for our advertisement.

W. S. HAMPSON & CO.

Stanley House,

CORNER BROAD AND YATES ST

TOLMIE ESTATE

NEW SUB-DIVISION.

Lots ranging in price from $200 to $300. TERMS EASY.

D. W. MORROW & CO.

Office: Government Street, Near Fort.

NEWS FROM NANAIMO.

Another New Hotel—The Logging Camps—Other General Matters.

CENSUS COMMISSIONERS.

Mr. W. K. Leighton and Mr. Wm. Bray, both of this city, have received their appointment as census commissioners. Both gentlemen will at once appoint their enumerators and proceed to the preliminary work of census taking. The district is very extensive, so it is presumed the task will occupy some time.

ANOTHER NEW HOTEL.

Mr. J. Mahrer, the proprietor of the opera house, has announced his intention of erecting a large hotel in the south of Nanaimo. He has already purchased a piece of property for the proposed site, and the work is to be commenced during the coming summer. This hotel will have fifty rooms and will be fitted up with the latest improvements.

LOGGING CAMPS.

Mr. M. King came down from Comox yesterday and stated that Ross & McLaren intend to open up four new logging camps on the Campbell river, so that they may obtain a supply of timber for their mills on the Fraser river and near Port Moody. Everything is reported to be going along well at Comox, and the little snow they had has long since disappeared. There are said to be four new bores to be put down this summer.

LITTLE HAPPENINGS.

The Indian child who was seriously burned on Thursday, died yesterday.

The ladies are busy in selling tickets for the calico ball, which is to be given on the 14th of next month.

William Blank and Miss Mary Shaw were joined in wedlock yesterday by the Rev. E. G. Miller.

The debating society will discuss the subject of "Free Trade" at the meeting of the society to-night.

A teacher and monitor are required for the East Wellington school.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

"Jake Punishes Godfrey Badly, That "Double Action" Does the Work.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 13.—The Kilrain-Godfrey fight came off to-night in the presence of a large crowd. Betting from the start was in favor of Kilrain, and considerable money posted. The fight commenced at a few minutes before 9.

Both men sparred at long range. Godfrey let go with both hands and fell short. Kilrain got in light on Godfrey's neck. Both led and clinched. Kilrain shot out his left and caught Godfrey on the neck and another clinch followed. He let go twice in succession and reached the Bostonian's face. Blows were next in order. This terminated the round.

There was considerable scientific sparring, and up to the 15th round it was anybody's fight, although both men gave and received some hard blows.

In the sixteenth round the men went at it hammer and tongs. Both fought viciously. Kilrain got to Godfrey's face and neck, and Godfrey retaliated on Kilrain's heart. Both soon had bellows to mend, Kilrain smashed Godfrey repeatedly on the face with both hands. Godfrey was pretty weary; he had some punches left in him yet, however, and the Baltimorean felt that Kilrain would win.

Up to the 25th round Kilrain had matters mostly his own way. In the 26th round Kilrain fou ht Godfrey to the ropes, smashing him on the head and body, Godfrey turned his back on him and made no return. Kilrain still punched away, throwing all his energy into his blows, and still Godfrey took them all. The gong sounded while Kilrain was still at work. Godfrey sat in his corner with a smile on his face, evidently trying to let Kilrain wear himself out.

From the 27th to the 30th round Godfrey took considerable punishment, but managed to get in one or two effective blows.

Up to the 35th round, Godfrey did all the receiving, but in the latter round he staggered Kilrain twice with blows on the chest, and cut him under the left eye, drawing blood.

In round 36 Kilrain wrestled Godfrey to the floor. Cries of "foul" were ignored by the referee. Kilrain smashed Godfrey repeatedly on the head, knocking him down. On rising, he continued punishing him all over the ring. Godfrey went to the floor, took his ten seconds and arose just as the gong struck.

Round 37th — Kilrain immediately fought his man to the ropes, raining blow after blow on him. He soon desisted, and at the end of the round it was a "walk round."

Round 38th—Godfrey had recovered a bit, and, although he took more punishment, he gave Kilrain several telling blows.

From the 39th to the 44th round honors were about even. In the 44th Kilrain went to work viciously, and punished Godfrey all round the ring. Blows were showered upon the Bostonian, and under the terrific onslaught he fell to the floor and failing to rise within the prescribed 10 seconds, Kilrain was declared the winner.

VICTORIA ATHLETIC CLUB.

There is one body which, in the race of progress, as in all other races in which it participates, is not left behind, and that is the Victoria Athletic Club. It is not merely progressing, it goes forward by leaps and bounds. This coming summer will witness many improvement. For instance the work of instructor has become too much for even hard-working, painstaking and good-natured Fred Gouge, to whom the present excellence of the club is largely due. He will now confine himself to training the members in club swinging, boxing and the more fancy branches, while H. P. Mellish will be instructor in the gymnasium. Mr. Mellish is a pupil of Mr. Gouge's, and a good one (as they all are), so that he will give a good account of himself.

BRIEF LOCALS.

One Day's Doings in City and Province Briefly Related.

Carpet remnants at cost at Hastie & Erskine's. *

Trout fishing commences to-morrow and rods and lines are being overhauled.

Another commodious hall for public meetings. See Lyceum. *

The annual meeting of the Victoria athletic club will be held on Monday evening.

Large line of Art Squares at Hastie & Erskine's. *

A special clerk of the court has been engaged by the government in the celebrated minor cases.

Ladies rubbers 25 cents at Martins, 47 Johnson street. *

John Hannah, formerly steward of the Danube, goes to Vancouver to take charge of the culinary department of the steamer Premier.

Cheap sideboards and bedroom suites at Hastie & Erskine's. *

The negro wanted for stealing in Nanaimo, who was arrested here night before last, was taken up on the noon train to-day by the police.

Martin the terror to high priced men, 47 Johnston street. *

The deckhands and longshoremen will meet in the old library room, Broad street, this evening for the purpose of forming a union.

Very fine cream Butter received this day at R. H. Jamison's, 33 Fort street. *

The crushed hand of Daniel Henry is improving, and he will soon have the use of it, although it may be twisted when entirely well.

The cheapest spot on earth to buy boots and shoes is at Martins', 47 Johnson street. *

A man suspected to be the burglar who paid a visit to the naval hospital some time ago, was arrested this afternoon by Officer Redgrave.

Messrs. Colbert & Warner are building a fire escape for the Chinese Josh house. Every three story building in the city must have one after next week.

New and Elegant line of Brussels and Tapestry Carpets just arrived at Hastie & Erskine's. *

A Chinaman, Sing Kee, has leased Stronach's cabins on Herald street for a term of seven years, and that part of the city will soon resolve itself into a Chinatown.

Razors and a complete line of shaving materials always on hand at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

Just arrived from Christie, Brown & Co.'s fresh Arrowroot, Abernethy, Sultanas, Social Tea, Oatmeal, Wine and Soda Biscuits. R. H. Jamieson, 33 Fort street.

Dr. Quinlan has removed his dental office to 32½ Government street, next bank of British Columbia. *

Ten new hydrants have been recommended by the authorities to be placed in different parts of the city. A badly needed one at the outer wharf will probably be put in.

Men's and Boys' Suits, at cost, at Martins, 47 Johnson street. We must make room for our spring stock.

British Columbia Commerce and Maritime Register is misnamed. It should be "Exclusively Mainland" or "Vancouver," other places mentioned on sufferance only. Prejudice never conduces to prosperity.

A new lot of the "Gold Medal" Carpet Sweepers, the best in the world, at Weiler Bros., 51 to 55 Fort street. *

Members of the Board of Trade wishing to make motions at the quarterly meetings are requested to send such notice into the secretary, Mr. F. Elworthy, at least seven days prior to that of meeting.

A young lad named A. G. Collier died last night at the Jubilee hospital of consumption. He was an apprentice to the printing business and had worked in the city offices.

Oysters delivered to all parts of the city. Telephone No. 161, New England Bakery Young Bros., No. 116 and 118 Government street.

The tenders for Jewell's new block, corner Yates and Douglas streets, were all in to-day, and the award will probably be made on Monday. The style of the building has already been described in these columns.

Christie's Toronto Soda Biscuits, received this day in fine order. Sold by the pound or box, to suit the trade. For a plain Soda Biscuit they have no equal. They are manufactured on the cleanest system possible at the present day. R. H. Jameson, 33 Fort street, Telephone 128. *

If there are any of our subscribers that have not tried Imperial Cream Tartar Baking Powder, we by all means urge them to do so, as it really is the best we ever found, and makes biscuits that are really delicious. *

Mrs. R. A. Anderson suffered the loss of several articles of jewelery Friday at the Manor House, Vancouver. A young fellow, formerly a waiter in the house, has been arrested on suspicion of being the thief. The articles missing are a diamond ring, pin and stud, value about $300.

Obstructed nostrils and catarrhal conditions of nose and throat can be relieved by the new electrical process. Apparatus shown and treatment explained. Dr. Ernest Hall, late assistant in Central London Throat Hospital Office corner of Yates and Douglas streets.

It's sometimes said patent medicines are for the ignorant. The doctors foster this idea. "The people," we're told, "are most ignorant when it comes to medical science." Suppose they are! What a sick man needs is not knowledge, but a cure, and the medicine that cures is the medicine for the sick. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures the "do believes" and the "don't believes." There is no hesitance about it, no "if" or "possibly." It says—"I can cure you, only do as I direct." Perhaps it fails occasionally. The makers hear of it when it does, because they never keep the money when the medicine fails to do good. Suppose the doctors went on that principle. (We beg the doctors' pardon. It wouldn't do!)

Choking, sneezing and every other form of catarrh in the head, is radically cured by Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. Fifty cents. Sold by druggists everywhere.

Dark and Sluggish.

Dark and sluggish describes the condition of bad blood. Healthy blood is ruddy and bright. To cure bad blood and its consequences, and to secure good blood and its benefits in the safest, surest and best way use Burdock Blood Bitters, strongly recommended by all who use it as the best blood purifier. *

"Who said Hood's Sarsaparilla?" Thousands of people, who know it to be the best blood purifier and tonic medicine.

THE LEGISLATURE.

A LENGTHY BUT NOT VERY PRODUCTIVE SITTING.

Several Measures Advanced a Stage—The Assessment and Land Act Among Them—The Government are Compelled to Take Back the Royalty.

FRIDAY, March 13, 1891.

The speaker took the chair at 2 p.m.

NEW BILLS.

Hon. Mr. Davie introduced a bill to further amend the county court act.

Also an act to further amend the legal professions act.

Mr. Martin moved that whereas the line of the C.P.R. from Port Moody to Savona was constructed by the Dominion government; And whereas portions of that line passing through crown lands are at present unfenced; And whereas during the winter months cattle and horses have been destroyed by the trains; And whereas the destruction of this stock is a serious loss to the settlers along the line;

Be it therefore resolved, that an humble address be presented to his honor the lieutenant governor in council, praying that he will be pleased to urge upon the Dominion government the necessity of introducing such legislation as will result in the construction of good and sufficient fences and crossings, with cattle-guards, to remedy the evils complained of.

Hon. Mr. Robson did not see, while commending the hon. member for introducing this resolution, that such a step would be wise in face of the legislation in this connection now before the house. The right of protecting its property interests is claimed by the province, and in this case it is not a question of who built the road.

Mr. Hunter considered the resolution a step in the right direction. He believed the legislation enacted the other day was quite unconstitutional. As to the resolution he submitted it would be more intelligible if it were made to read that owing to the absence of fences these cattle and horses had been destroyed.

Mr. Martin agreed with the consent of the house to do this.

Hon. Mr. Robson repeated that the house would be stultifying itself by passing this resolution. Notwithstanding what had been said by the hon. and learned member for Comox (smiles) Mr. Robson confessed the more he thought of this matter the stronger he felt as to our right to legislate for the protection of our property. But, more than that, if we haven't that right it is our true policy to seek it (hear, hear). The grievance complained of is a crying grievance, but he would ask the hon. gentleman who moved the resolution to consider carefully whether in passing this resolution the house would not be doing harm instead of good.

Hon. Mr. Davie thought very possibly that the resolution in its present shape would have the effect of stultifying the bill passed the other day. He believed, though, that it would be wise to pass a resolution to the Dominion government calling their attention to our own legislation on the subject, and requesting the Dominion government to act in the matter as well as the province. In that way a conflict may be escaped. The railway act as it at present stands is the result of many conferences, compromises and pressure brought to bear on the lines of railway, and is it likely that for the purpose of meeting the wishes of one particular province that the Dominion will consent to amend its railway policy? It must be remembered that our act is going to be assailed in the courts (it will not be disallowed), and it will take a considerable time, probably two years, before a final decision is arrived at, and in the meantime the people will suffer.

Hon. Mr. Beaven thought the course suggested by the leader of the government would commend itself to his mind—that the hon. member for Yale had better withdraw the resolution or postpone it. A resolution of this kind would certainly stultify the bill introduced by the member for New Westminster district. It is contrary to common sense to expect that the Dominion government will amend their railway act to say that railways running through crown lands shall be fenced. Is this reasonable that the line of the Canadian Pacific running through the large section of the north shore of Lake Superior should be fenced? The conditions there and here are altogether different. By passing this resolution the house would be advocating something directly in opposition to provincial rights, which, as the attorney-general claims, the province has a right to legislate upon. In that case it would be mischievous to ask the Dominion government to do anything which we deny their right to do. Mr. Beaven thought it would be wise to withdraw the resolution.

The matter was finally settled by a motion to adjourn the debate.

The house then went into committee on the land surveyors' bill, which was discussed and reported to the house.

The railway aid amendment act was committed, with Mr. Nason in the chair.

SECOND READING MINERAL ACT.

Hon. Mr. Robson moved the second reading of this measure which he explained was the result of the work of a commission appointed to make a complete revision of the mining law, and in the second place the measure has undergone the close scrutiny of the mining committee of the house. Under these circumstances, he thought, the house would excuse him from any lengthened remarks on the measure. The house would appreciate the improved method of classification in separating the conditions of placer mining from those of quartz mining. It will be obvious to all that a very great advantage will accrue to the miner from this arrangement. Those interested in quartz mining will find in the bill all information that they may require for the purpose of pushing their branch of the business. That of itself will be found a very great advantage.

Mr. Kellie believed the commission had omitted a very important particular in not giving a prospector some advantage in view of having gone into an unprospected region and showing its mineral resources. In the placer act a considerable advantage was given the discoverer of mines. Section 8 was taken from the old mineral act, and as the commission could not agree, it would have to be settled by the legisla-

(Continued on page 6.

"There is no Appeal beyond Cæsar!"

The late world-renowned Dermatologist,

Sir ERASMUS WILSON, F.R.S.,

The FIRST AND ONLY

President of the Royal College of Surgeons

who ever gave a public Testimonial, and the following is

THE ONLY TESTIMONIAL HE EVER GAVE.

"If it be well to wash the skin—and we never heard the proposition questioned—it is well also that we should be familiar with the means by which that purpose may be most efficiently attained.

"We once knew a beautiful woman, with a nice complexion, who had never washed her face with soap all her life through; her means of polishing were, a smear of grease or cold cream; then a wipe, and then a lick with rose water. Of course we did not care to look too closely after such an avowal, but we pitied her, for soap is the food of the skin.—

Soap is to the skin what Wine is to the stomach,

a generous stimulant. It not only removes the dirt, but the layer which carries the dirt; and it promotes the displacement of the old cuticle to make way for the new, to increase the activity of change in the skin. Now turn we to Toilet Soaps and there we find

a name engraven on the memory of the oldest inhabitant—PEARS.

PEARS' SOAP! *an article of the nicest and most careful manufacture, and the most refreshing and agreeable of balms to the skin.*"

CARPETS. CARPETS

Brussels (John Crossley & Sons' World renowned manufacture.) Tapestry

180 Pieces just received direct from manufacturer. Also Beautiful Line of Hearth Rugs.

WEILER BROS., 51 to 55 Fort St., Victoria, B.C.

CARPETS. CARPETS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT WE intend making application to the Honorable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a timber lease of the following described tracts of land, situate in Range 2, Coast District, that is to say:

1. Commencing at a post near the head of Skookum-Chuck Inlet, thence north 40 chains; thence east 320 chains; thence south 120 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains, more or less, to Skookum-Chuck Inlet; thence following the shore line in an easterly direction to the point of commencement.

2. Commencing at a post on the west side of Rivers Inlet near the head of Wannuck Harbor; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains to point of commencement.

3. Commencing at a post on the north side of a large bay due west of Kendalls Point; thence north 60 chains; thence west 40 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence west 60 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 40 chains; thence south 40 chains; thence east 160 chains; thence north about 40 chains to the sea shore; thence following the shore line in a westerly, northerly and easterly direction to the place of commencement.

4. Commencing at a post near the head of a large bay due north of Shotbolt Bay, Rivers Inlet; thence west 60 chains; thence north 160 chains; thence east 60 chains; thence south 20 chains; thence east 40 chains; thence south 160 chains; thence west about 20 chains, to the sea shore; thence following the sea shore in a north westerly direction to the place of commencement.

5. Commencing at the north west corner of the Indian Reserve at the mouth of the Kildalla river; thence north 240 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence south 240 chains; thence west 80 chains to place of commencement.

6. Commencing at a post on the north shore of Owe-Kano lake about 6 miles from its outlet; thence north 80 chains; thence east 60 chains; thence south 80 chains, more or less, to the lake thence following the shore line in a westerly direction to the place of commencement.

7. Commencing at the mouth of a river on the south side of Owe Kano lake about 12 miles from the outlet; thence south 60 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence north about 40 chains, to the river; thence following the river in a westerly direction to the place of commencement.

8. Commencing at a post on the west side of Owe-Kano lake about 35 miles from its outlet; thence east 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence south 40 chains; thence east 100 chains; thence north 320 chains; thence west 120 chains; thence south 20 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 20 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 200 chains, to the place of commencement.

9. Commencing at a post on the east side of Owe-Kano lake about 35 miles from the outlet; thence west 40 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence east 40 chains, to the lake; thence following the lake shore south to the place of commencement.

10. Commencing at a post at the head of Owe-Kano lake thence east 320 chains; thence north 160 chains; thence west about 320 chains, to the river which flows into the said lake; thence south following the river to the place of commencement.

11. Commencing at a post at the head of South Bentick Arm, thence east 20 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 100 chains, thence north 100 chains, thence east 40 chains to Bentick Arm, thence following the shore line east to the place of commencement.

12. Commencing at a post on the east side of south Bentick Arm, about three miles from the head of the Arm, thence east 60 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence north 40 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence north 40 chains, thence west 40 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 40 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence west 40 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence west 20 chains more or less to the point of commencement.

JOHN WILDE,
T. J. HAMMELL.

The most unique article in furniture yet shown is the "Parlor Mantel Folding Bed," at Hastie & Erskine's. Call and see them. *

VICTORIA RICE MILLS

Store street, Victoria, B. C.

Millers of China and Japan Rice

RICE MEAL,

Rice Flour, Chit Rice, Etc.

VICTORIA

ROLLER FLOUR MILL

Delta Brand Family Flour, Superfine Flour Bran and Shorts

No. 64 & 66 Store St. Victoria.

—THE—

Victoria Collegiate SCHOOL.

103 GOVERNMENT STREET.

PRINCIPAL—Rev. I. B. Pegg, Greek Honorsman, 1st Lat. Technology, Sc. Dip. Late School of Mines, and F.S.Sc. and Lit. London, &c.

DAY PUPILS—$8 per month.

EVENING PUPILS—$5 per month.

ADULT STUDENTS can take special subjects.

BOARDERS—$260 per annum or $25 per month.

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR

Fresh Assortment of Goods

Received per S.S. Batavia.

Choice variety of Tea Sets. Several dozens of useful china cups and saucers. Alabaster photo frames and Bronze plaque boxes, three hundred pairs of lacquered trays in all sizes and colors. Embroidered silk handkerchiefs, Silk Jap dresses.

A few Japan Lilies still on sale.

Parcels now will leave splendidly during the summer and winter.

MARCHANT, FUTCHER & CO.

32 FORT STREET VICTORIA.

Campbell's Essence Bouquet

For the Handkerchief. Rich, Delicate and Lasting. Price 50 cents per bottle. Try one.

CAMPBELL'S

Campbell's Invisible Rose Leaf Face Powder

Warranted absolutely free from Lead, Arsenic, and other poisonous substances, which enter into the composition of all cheap preparations; 50 cents per box.

CAMPBELL'S

STOP THAT COUGH!

BRADEN'S COUGH CURE, the Great English Cough Remedy, for Coughs and Colds. Especially recommended for children when suffering from Whooping Cough and Croup.

PRESCRIPTION STORE.

Campbell'S Little Liver Pills

Mild and Effective. If your liver is off on a picnic try a box. If you have indigestion try a box.

PRESCRIPTION STORE.

Campbell's Magic Corn Cure

No need for you to go limping around out of temper when 25c. will give permanent relief.

White Rock, B.C. White Rock, B.C

This beautiful Townsite is situate on Semiahmoo Bay, about two miles west of the International City, Blaine, and is located on a gentle incline, rising about 30 feet a ¼ mile back from the water.

WHITE ROCK will be the terminus of the New Westminster & Saanich Railway. The Canadian Pacific Railway will in the near future make White Rock its shipping point. A wharf and hotel have already been built. Steps are also being taken to secure a post office. The farmers of Hall's Prairie and neighborhood have made White Rock their shipping point.

NOW IS THE TIME TO INVEST. LOTS FROM $100 UPWARDS. TERMS EASY.

HAWTHORNTHWAITE & CO., Real Estate Brokers,

March 12. OFFICE OVER OLD BANK OF B.C., GOVERNMENT STREET.

THE LEGISLATURE.

(Continued from page 5.)

ture. He thought it a great injustice that a laborer working on a mineral claim should be compelled to pay $5. He felt sure when the bill was submitted to the committee of the whole that this glaring injustice would be abolished. The amendment submitted by the mining committee was unworkable, and the clause as framed by the mining commission should stand. Section 24 referred to the time given to do the yearly assessment work on a mineral claim, Heretofore the time given, six months, was altogether insufficient. He had spent hundreds of dollars in burrowing in snow endeavoring to comply with this unjust provision. He did not think it in either his or the interest of the country that the time should be less than a year. Mines were found in high altitudes and some of Kootenay's best mines were so high above the sea level that the ground was scarcely ever free from snow more than three or four months of the year. One of the members of the commission did not think a prospector should be allowed to locate a second mining claim before performing the annual assessment on his location. Mr. Kellie, however, believed it not only to be in the interest of the prospector, but of the country generally that a prospector should be allowed to make as many locations as he wished. It is wise to allow him to sell his locations as the purchaser, who was able to buy, was better able to develop the property. In many instances capitalists would not endure the hardship entailed in locating claims; therefore it was absolutely necessary to give the prospector every encouragement. He trusted the good sense of the house would see the justice of not enforcing this grievous restriction. The section referring to any location made on Sunday being valid might require some explanation. The legal adviser of the commission gave it as his opinion that any location made on Sunday was valid, and the commission therefore framed the section so that the attention of the house would be directed to it and they could settle the whole question.

Mr. Cotton agreed with the remarks of the last hon. member. He would be inclined to go farther, though, and have the necessity of every quartz miner taking out a free miner's certificate should be done away with altogether. He was aware one of the objections that would be made to this would be that as the government spend money opening up roads and trails in the various mining districts here, some tax should be paid by the miners besides the ordinary tax; but the house should look at the fact that the miner's is to a great extent a pure speculation. In all other ordinary occupations there is at least a chance of getting a living out of it. There is one class of miners for whom Mr. Cotton was not particular in claiming exemption, and that was the placer mining. This is altogether different from quartz mining. Those who engage in it do not necessarily risk so much as the quartz miner. Besides, placer mining is carried on chiefly by Chinese, and this is a very good means of taxing those people. After dealing with several points of detail Mr. Cotton said the bill was a great improvement on the mining law as it at present stands. He heartily agreed with the leader of the Government as to the advantage it will be to the miner in having the two branches, quartz and placer mining, separated, and he warmly complimented the introducer of the bill, the mining commission and committee in having drafted such an excellent measure. He thought the bill was not perfectly clear in the matter of apex or side lines; further there was some amendment required in the period for doing assessment work. Then the time allowed for recording claims should be 30, not fifteen days.

Mr. Baker complimented the mining commission on the result of their labors. He, however, considered the $4 tax on miners a perfectly fair one, in view of the opportunities such a certificate afforded him. What Mr. Baker did object to was taxing a man working on a mineral claim for others, and he would vote for any amendment to this.

The bill was read a second time.

SUPREME COURT ACT.

Hon. Mr. Davie moved the second reading of this measure, the provisions of which he said were not difficult to understand. It purports to give county court judges the right to transact supreme court work, subject to rules of court passed from time to time by the government. One of the principal merits of this bill is that it prevents litigation going on from month to month, and from year to year. Under its provisions every district outside of Victoria is bound to get a great deal of good from the bill.

On motion of Mr. Cotton the debate was adjourned.

THE ASSESSMENT ACT.

Hon. J. H. Turner, minister of finance, moved the second reading of this bill, and explained its various features.

Mr. Brown congratulated the government on its production, and promised to support the second reading.

Mr. Semlin referred to the fact that the government had withdrawn this bill, and now reintroduced it with certain changes, but altogether ignoring the prayers of the people claiming protection from the loss sustained by them through the destruction of their cattle by the Canadian Pacific railway. Here are the means of remedying a wrong, and the government declines to make use of those means. He had heard of people being influenced by the C. P. R., but he would not say the provincial government were. He was sorry he could not support the second reading of the bill. The attorney-general is prepared to stand up for the rights of the province, and holds it can protect those rights by legislation. But there is nothing certain about it; even now he doesn't know that such legislation as the government has made in this direction will be allowed. Here in this bill the province has the immediate power, but the government has neglected to take advantage of it, and he therefore would move in amendment to the motion that the bill be read a second time: That this bill be not read a second time, but that it be returned to the government asking them to eliminate from the same all the clauses reducing the assessment on railways. He knew that such a motion would be characterized as an attempt to defeat the government, but Mr. Semlin considered the interests of his constituents more than those of the government. They had been seriously derelict in their duty.

Mr. Robson opposed this, holding that the government were already enacting legislation in the direction indicated, and that the present bill was not the right one in which to take such steps. It would be remedying one wrong by making another.

Mr. Grant was of the opinion that while the government had the power in their hands that they ought to take steps to make a compromise with the C.P.R., so that cattlemen's stock would be reasonably protected. He said that the hon. premier had acknowledged to-day that the condition of things existing along the line of the C.P.R., in respect to the killing of stock by the railway was outrageous. Seeing that the opinion of the premier on this question is the same as that of Mr. Semlin, why does he refuse to act? The premier excuses himself by stating that the house is going to enact legislation looking toward the protection of stock along the line of railways. But he (the speaker) asked this honorable house if it is warranted in accepting the proposed bill as a cure, as on the authority of the attorney-general, there is a doubt in his mind if the bill referred to would be allowed at Ottawa. Mr. Grant pointed out that holders of debentures payable in both interest and principal in this province should be placed on the same footing as those who were payable out of the province. He hoped the hon. finance minister would see that the bill will be amended accordingly. He agreed with the proposition to assess wild lands on the ad-valorem principle, but he considered that two per cent on the assessed value was too much as it was out of proportion entirely to the taxes levied on other property. Mr. Grant also pointed out that while it was right to charge for foreign cattle and sheep grazing on our lands, he did not think that any extra sum ought to be collected if the stock was the property of a British Columbian, intended for consumption here.

Messrs. Cotton and Sword also spoke to the question and after some further discussion the bill was read a second time.

The house then went into committee on the school bill, Mr. Keith in the chair, and rose shortly before one o'clock to report progress.

On rising, the house stood adjourned till Wednesday.

Personal Liberty
vs
Physical Slavery.

We are all free Americans citizens, enjoying our personal liberty; but most of us are in physical slavery, suffering from scrofula, salt rheum or some other form of impure blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the great blood purifier which disolves the bonds of disease, gives health and perfect physical liberty.

Cheap, trashy Baking Powder must go. Imperial Cream Tartar Baking Powder is pure and reliable, it is made of best Crystal Cream Tartar and English Soda. All grocers sell it.

Pocket knives, table cutlery, scissors etc., at Fox's.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

DR. FOWLER'S
EXT: OF WILD STRAWBERRY
CURES
CHOLERA
Cholera Morbus
COLIC
CRAMPS
DIARRHŒA
DYSENTERY
AND ALL SUMMER COMPLAINTS AND FLUXES OF THE BOWELS. IT IS SAFE AND RELIABLE FOR CHILDREN OR ADULTS.

F. G. Richards,
JUNIOR,
Real Estate Broker
51 YATES STREET, VICTORIA.

4 acres city water frontage, splendid property for subdivision.
Fine two story residence, 2 lots nice corner ..... $ 6,750
Large cottage, two lots, corner 4,500
2 fine corner lots Niagara and South Turner, Sts. James Bay 2,800
3 cottages, James Bay, easy terms, each 1,900
A bargain by taking the three.
2 lots Rithet street 54x180 each 925
Lot Menzies street, James Bay 950
Lot South Turner street, James Bay 850
Fine two story residence, Quadra street 5,500
Business lot, Yates street .. 15,000
Two lots, Harrison street near Yates St. each 800
Lot Croft St. James Bay .. 900
3 Fine lots, corner Menzies and Superior Sts 4,750
A few fine lots left of the new subdivision on the Tramway line, Victoria West, on easy terms.

Money to Loan,
Houses to Rent,
Interest and Rents Collected

CONVEYANCING
Carefully Attended To.

EDWIN J. MORGAN
Representing D. Morgan, tailor to His Excellency, the Governor General. Room 2 Mosgrave Block, Broad street; orders taken for suits, etc. Latest imported goods to select from. Perfect fit guaranteed or no sale. 28-m

CENTRAL BOOK STORE,
ALL THE LATEST BOOKS. COMPLETE LINES OF PAPER.
Books and Stationery
AND ALL THE NEWEST NOVELTIES.
45 GOVERNMENT ST. J. R. KERR.

HUNTINGDON, B. C.,

Situated on the International Boundary Line, at the Junction of the Canadian Pacific, the Seattle, Lake Shore and Eastern, and the Bellingham Bay and British Columbia Railways,

IS NOW ON THE MARKET

A number of Lots have already been sold, on which substantial building are being erected, and a large sawmill is under construction.

HUNTINGDON will be the terminus of three railroads within the next few months and will be the distributing point for the great Sumas Prairie.

Lots from $20 upwards. For sale by F. G. Richards, jr., Dalby, Ballentyne & Claxton and Hawthornthwaite & Co. Victoria, B.C.

S. T. MACKINTOSH & CO., GENERAL AGENTS, NEW WESTMINSTER, B.
sept27-tf

CAPE ULSTERS
And Overcoats
—IN—
Men's, Youths' Boys' and Children's
The Largest and Finest Assortment in the city. Every Coat a Bargain.
W. J. JEFFREE
40 YATES STREET.

MACHINERY.
Saw, Planing, Flour, Woollen Mill and Brickyard Machinery OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
MILL SUPPLIES KEPT IN STOCK. SEND FOR CATALOGUE AND PRICES
F. G. STRICKLAND & CO., New Westminster, B.C
June6-tf

The Daily Times.

CITY AND PROVINCIAL.

THE MURDERER CAPTURED.

The Slayer of the Poole Family Under Lock and Key—Justice Should be Done.

An article in last night's TIMES referred to the escape of the supposed murderer of the Poole family, and also of a Chinaman, on the Fraser river. Readers will be glad to hear that he has been captured and lodged in jail at the 150-Mile House. It is to be hoped that the case will be now thoroughly sifted, so that the man Scotty, who was tried for the murder of the Poole family, and had a very narrow escape from the gallows, may have his innocence thoroughly established.

A Cure for Toothache.

Ask your druggist for Gibbons' Tooth ache Gum, prepared by J. A. Gibbons & Co., Toronto. Price 15 cents. oc19eod6m

Victoria Debating Society.

The Victoria debating society meets to-night at 103 Government street. The subject for discussion will be the criticism of on essay on Vancouver island by Mr. Coburn. The subject promises to be a good one. All young men will be welcomed, and will find it a very instructive way to spend an evening.

Knights of Labor.

The Knights of Labor aim to protect their members against financial difficulties, etc., Hagyard's Yellow Oil protects all who use it from the effects of cold and exposure, such as rheumatism, neuralgia, lumbago, sore throat and all inflammatory pain. Nothing compares with it as a handy pain cure for man and beast. *

New Business.

W. E. Cook, for several years with Lenz & Leiser, has rented the premises at present occupied by Richardson & Heathorn, and will open out business about the 15th of May. Mr. Cook leaves for the east to-morrow night to buy a stock of general dry goods, gents' furnishing goods, cigars, &c., and may visit Europe before returning.

A New Firm.

Mr. J. T. L. Meyer, late of Calgary, has joined Mr. A. P. Joyce, in the real estate, financial and insurance business. The office of the new firm is at room 6, Bank of B. C. building. Mr. Joyce is well known to the Victoria public, and Mr. Meyer's experience and push will soon make for him friends among the business men of the city. The firm will transact a general agency business.

Agency.

Allan, Anchor, Cunard, Compagnie General, Guion, Hamburg-American, Inman, North German Lloyd and White Star Lines. Berths secured in advance by telegraph free of charge. Orders issued for pre-paid passages from Great Britain or the continent through to destination at lowest rates. Hall, Goepel & Co., fire, life and marine insurance agents, 100 Government st. *

Tourist's Spoons.

Very neat souveniers of Victoria for tourists are being manufactured by A. A. Clayton of the Diamond Palace, Government street. They are known as "tourists spoons." Each spoon has etched into its bowl the word "Victoria, B. C." while on the handle is engraved the coat of arms of the province. As mementoes of a visit to this city the articles will be of much attractiveness. It is also the intention of the maker to turn out smaller spoons, with the same engraving, but fitted as pins, this being a fad of the fashionable just now.

Officers Installed.

At a meeting of Pride of the Wes' lodge, C.O.O.F., M.U., held at Victoria West last evening, a number of new members were initiated and the following officers installed by District Grand Deputy (of B. C.), Bro. Wm. Ed. Ottaway, assisted by Bros. Wade and Fullerton, Past N.G. and N.G. of Waverly lodge, Victoria: Bro. Valentine E. Ottaway, N.G.; Bro. Baker, Vice-N.G.; Bro. A. Semple, Secretary; Bro. Oldershaw, Treasurer; Bro. Lucie, Conductor; Bro. Weetman, I.G.; Bro. Dutton, O.G.; Bro Hayles, R.S.N.G.; Bro. Milloy, L.S.N.G.; Bro. W. Graham, R.S.V.G.; Bro. Haines, L.S.V.G.; Bro. Roberts, L.S.S.; Bro. Ayling, R.S.S.; Dr. M. S. Wade was elected as surgeon. Trustees—Bros. Semple, Baker and Milloy. Auditors—Bros. Semple and E. Graham.

A Commercial Journal.

The B. C. Commercial Journal is the name of a weekly paper, which made its first appearance in this city last evening. It is brim full of information and advertisements. The typographical work is perfect and the articles are the same. Mr. D. M. Carley, the editor, is a well-informed gentleman who has had a great deal of experience in newspaper work, which with his traveling has made him acquainted with many thing that no doubt his new paper will deal with. Mr. L. G. Henderson, well known all over the province, is the business manager, and the way the paper is already patronized by advertisers is enough to guarantee that he knows his business, which means that the paper will be a success. The paper, as the title implies, is to be a thoroughly commercial one, which will be greeted with pleasure by business men. As the name also implies the paper is published for British Columbia and no particular section of it.

Mothers Attend Their Own Children.

It is worthy of note, that for some length of time mothers in Canada and the United States have themselves treated their children when suffering and sick. The mothers' favorite remedy to-day is Paine's Celery Compound, a scientific preparation and entirely vegetable, and one which cannot harm the most delicate constitution. A mother says:—"Last spring my little girl, four years old, had a billious attack; but the constipated bowels, aching head, bad smelling breath, and furred tongue readily yielded to a few doses of Paine's Celery Compound, and she quickly regained brisk health." This grand restorer is the safest and best for all children. It is particularly adapted for the little ones, causing them to regain strength rapidly, gives them appetite, makes them sleep soundly and naturally, and harmonizes their whole network of life. Mothers of Canada, do not fail to procure this valuable compound for your children when they are sick and suffering.

"The Jersey Lily."

In what Millais christened his famous portrait of that celebrated woman who since became familiarly known to the public by that expressive and appropriate name. In turn she has coupled her fame with that of the most celebrated toilette article in existence, as witness what she says:—

ANGLESEA COTTAGE, L.B., July 2

Gentlemen,—Altho' it is very unusual for me to use any lotions or washes, still, in answer to your request, I have tried Wisdom's Violet Cream and Robertine. The former I consider especially efficacious in cases of roughness of the skin, and I have been using it every day for the last fortnight. I have found the Robertine an excellent preparation in cases of tan, sunburn, etc., caused by exposure to March winds and a July sky.

Yours faithfully,
LILLIE LANGTRY.

To Messrs. Wisdom & Co.

D. E. Campbell, Agent.

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer Umatilla from San Francisco—E Stranger, Mrs H Fowler daughter and child, John Hendry and wife, H H Weatherly, Mr and Mrs Redon, Richard and Mrs Broderick, Mrs Perry and child, H A Lilly, V Smith, Chas A Tripp, T Boyce, C H Hill, and 21 in the steerage.

Per Steamer Islander from Vancouver.—Wm St Johnson and wife, R Wilson, N Rosenthal, W P Newcombe, S J Holland, Jas Mulcahy, Wm Marchant, H B Carter, J Campbell, Wm Grant, T Rossan, J McNab, Clara Hughes, Jas Atkinson, Mary Green, C J Weldt, J Craw, Master W Johnson, M Lundberg, G W Minor, Geo Young, M Kelly, C Evers, Lee Due, Judge Bole and wife, T F Monteith, Jas Edgerton, M S Dillawar, Geo R Joseph, J Mackie, Mrs. E Jesson, G A White, G A Bain, A McCormick, and others.

Per Stmr City of Kingston from the Sound—Mrs J M Wright and daughter, F G Vallum, Mrs Fargo and daughter, W H Shaw, C W Nixon, A Bense, J A Anderson, E DuBois, Mrs Marshall, M Joyce, R Sesson, J H Seely, Mrs Botton, L Rosefelder, Miss Harris, H Pooley, Geo Beckington wife and daughter, W S Crowen, A Pike, W R Williams, T F Maguire, C Spencer and wife, F Hithcock, P Pattock, F Jameson, J Bend, Jno Turnbull, W Wheeldon, Mrs Harder, Fred Jennings, Sam Sissions, C E Mallette, H Cooley, I Mitler, O M Olsen, Frank Samuel, H C McDonald, Mrs Morrison, Miss Crawford.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer Islander from Vancouver.—W H Johnson, Cowan and Wilson, L Dickenson, E E Johnson, Dom Ex Co.

Per Stmr City of Kingston from the Sound—T and K, Albion Iron Works, Matthews R and T, Brackman and Ker, W Katzann, T Hosgood, E G Prior, H Pooley.

Per Steamer Umatilla from San Francisco—Albion Iron Works Co, B Gordon, B Douglas, Cowan and Wilson, C W Rogers, C G Sauer and Co, D H Ross and Co, Ellis and Co, E B Marvin and Co, F Norris, F S Findley, Govt Printing Office, H A Lilley, order Palmer and Irey, H Morey and Co, H O Welburn care J P Davis, Hy Clay, Hy Saunders, Hudson Bay Co, J Weller, J Phoenix, J H Todd and Son, J L Levy, John Barnsley, J and A Clearihue, J P Matthews and Co, J Leahy, Jacob Sehl, Kramer Bros and Co, Kam Fook Yuen, L D Dickenson, Matthews Richards and Tye, Marvin and Tilton, Monroe Miller, M S Beauchamp, May Ying Lung, Nat Elect Tramway and L Co, P McQuade and Son, R Lupurini, Simon Leiser, Sam Gray, T G Moody, T E Waller, Thos Shotbolt, Yale and Brooks, Wm Croft, W J Pendray, Weller Bros, Yuen Lung, Yee Via Gua, Wells Fargo and Co.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

For Cramps, Chills, Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera-Morbus and all Bowel Complaints,

NO REMEDY EQUALS

PAIN-KILLER

AND

49 Years' Experience proves that PERRY DAVIS' PAIN-KILLER is the best Family Remedy for Burns, Bruises, Sprains, Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Toothache.

SOLD EVERYWHERE at 25c. and 50c. a BOTTLE.

Beware of Counterfeits and worthless Imitations.

STEAMER FOR SALE

The Twin Screw Steamer Cariboo Fly.

as she now lies on the ways at the Star Ship Yard, together with her outfit of boats, life boats, bedding, linen, etc.
Length 138ft 2in.
Beam 22ft. 3in.
281 87-100 Tons.

For further particulars apply to
HENRY SAUNDERS,
Johnson street, Victoria.
Nanaimo and Vancouver papers please copy. fe10-tf

J. H. LAUZON

(JUST ARRIVED FROM MONTREAL)
has opened a
TAILORING SHOP
Next to Corner Pandora and Douglas streets opposite the City Hall.
First-Class Work and Fashionable Styles. All Work Warranted. Cutting for families a specialty, and at a low price.
GIVE HIM A CALL
fe27m

The Royal Caledonian Dancing Assembly
— AT —
Sir William Wallace Hall, Broad street.
JUVENILES—Monday and Saturday afternoons from 2 to 5.30 p.m.
ADULTS—Monday and Saturday evenings from 8.30 to 10.30 p.m. For further particulars see circulars at H. B. Jameson's, 32 Fort street.
C. CAMERON, Secretary. R. MCKENZIE MUNRO, Conductor. mi1-tw

Purify The importance of keeping the blood in a pure condition is universally known, and yet there are very few people who have perfectly pure blood. The taint of scrofula, salt rheum, or other foul humor is heredited and transmitted for generations, causing untold suffering, and we also accumulate poison and germs of disease from the air we breathe, the food we eat, or the water we drink. There is nothing more conclusively proven than the positive power of Hood's Sarsaparilla over all diseases of the blood. This medicine, when fairly tried, does expel every trace of scrofula or salt rheum, removes the taint which causes catarrh, neutralizes the acidity and cures rheumatism, drives out the germs of malaria, blood poisoning, etc. It also vitalizes and enriches the blood, thus overcoming that tired feeling, and building up the whole system. In its preparation, its medicinal merit, and the wonderful cures it accomplishes Hood's Sarsaparilla is **Peculiar to Itself.** Thousands testify to its success, and the best advertising Hood's Sarsaparilla receives is the hearty endorsement of its army of friends. Every testimonial we publish, and every statement we make on behalf of Hood's Sarsaparilla may be relied upon as strictly true in every respect.

Your Blood

If you need a good blood purifier or building up medicine, be sure to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. Further information and statements of cures sent free to all who address us as below.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

MONDAY AND TUESDAY March, 16, 17

The Fashionable event of the Season

First time in Victoria of the

William J. Gilmore Comic Opera Co'y.

In the famous and successful opera comique

The Sea King.

Under the management of Chas. H. Yale; with all of the original scenery and costumes, and the same grand production as but recently given at

The California Theatre, San Francisco.
— AND AT —
Palmer's Theatre, New York City.
for 150 consecutive nights.

THE CAST INCLUDES

Mark Smith,	Elsie Warren,
H. K. Graham,	Kate Gilbert,
Thos. H. Pursse,	Mamie Cerbi,
Frank A. Howard,	Kitty Hill,
Geo. R. Carr,	Edith Newton.

"It sailed into favor and anchored on the high seas of success."—New York Telegram.

Company of 70, chorus of 40. Herman Perlet, musical conductor.

Note.—All the special scenery, costumes and effects will be brought to Victoria intact.

Mr. Geo. R. Murray agent, Mr. W. D. Andress representative. The sale of seats will be open at Waitt's book store, Thursday, March 12th at 9 a. m. The prices on this occasion will be $1.50, $1.00 and 50c. mi1-12-14-16-17

CHARITY BALL.

— GIVEN BY —
THE MARRIED LADIES AT HOME
— IN AID OF THE —
British Columbia Benevolent Society

Under the distinguished patronage of His Honor Lieut.-Governor and Mrs. Nelson, His Worship Mayor Grant and Board of Aldermen, at the

ASSEMBLY HALL,
FORT STREET,
Thursday Evening, April 9, 1891.

Tickets, admitting lady and gentleman $5; lady's ticket $1. Can be had from the officers of the British Columbia Benevolent Society, the members of the Married Ladies at Home, and from MRS. M. YOUNG, Hon. secretary. ma4-td

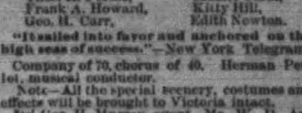
COME AND SEE
THE NEW JAPANESE STORE

Just received a large importation of goods DIRECT FROM JAPAN and we are now able to offer to the Public the finest lot of Japanese Curios in Victoria. Give us a call and be convinced. As this is the first genuine Japanese Store established in Victoria, we would kindly solicit the patronage of the public. Give us a call and see what we have

Respectfully Yours,
"ROKUBAN,"
NEW JAPANESE STORE,
150 Government street near Johnson.
ma13-1m

BELYEA & GREGORY,
BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS.
OFFICE:
White House Block, Victoria, B. C.
P. O. BOX 69.

S. S. HYAMS
ONLY OPTICIAN IN TOWN.



OPTICIAN, 21 FORT STREET, ONE DOOR from Government, Victoria, B. C. Perfected Spectacles and Eye Glasses always on hand and carefully adjusted to sight; twenty-five years' experience in fitting glasses. Satisfaction guaranteed. OPTICAL GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. de31-1y

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., L'd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.),

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL (Used principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes).

THE SOUTH FIELD COAL (Steam Fuel).

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL

(House and Steam Coal) are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, a high Illuminating Power, unequalled by any other Bituminous Gas Coal the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

THE "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the Leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

THE "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite fuel for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal, makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay, where ships of the largest tonnage can be loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.

Dec. 30.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF Have just received, ex "Brodick Bay," large consignment of the celebrated

GAS AND WATER TUBING, Black and Galvanized.

Corner Broad and Yates Streets, Victoria. P. O. Box 86.
mar19

REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE & EXCHANGE

EXCHANGE DEPARTMENT.—We cash and issue drafts on all parts of **Canada, Europe** and the **United States,** at the best and cheapest rates in the city. **Stocks and Shares** also bought and sold.

REAL ESTATE DEPARTMENT.—We offer the following bargains to investors:

Lots on Cadboro Bay Road from $575 to...	$ 900	214 Acres, Saanich; per acre.....	$ 6	House; 7 rooms; Fowl Bay Road.....	$ [illegible]
Lots on Burnside Road.....	325	300 Acres; Metchosin; per acre.....	5	House; 5 rooms; James Bay.....	[illegible]
Lots on Saanich Road.....	300	49 Acres; Gordon Head; per acre.....	125	House; 7 rooms; James Bay.....	[illegible]
Lots on Fernwood Estate from $500 to.....	600	10 Acres; Cedar Hill; per acre.....	75	House; 13 rooms; Chatham street.....	[illegible]
Lots Work Estate from $500 to.....	1000	54 Acres; Esquimalt Road; per acre.....	1275	House; 7 rooms, billiard room; Quadra St..	[illegible]

Property for sale in Aberdeen on Gray's Harbor, and in South Bend on Willapa Harbor. Money to loan on Mortgage. Insurance effected. Rents and Interest collected.

A. W. MORE & CO., TURNER BLOCK, DOUGLAS STREET,

Late of the Clydesdale Bank, Glasgow, etc., Scotland; The Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, London, Eng.; The Bank of British Columbia, Victoria and Nanaimo.
fe11-6m

C. B. LOCKART & CO.,
Funeral Directors and Embalmers.

PARLORS: Corner of Broad street and Trounce Avenue. au15

To Building Contractors

Rock, Dimension or Rubble.

Will be supplied by the undersigned in any quantity. Apply to
Geo. Jones, McPhersons' Station, E. & N. R'y.
fe27-6m

DR. LEWIS HALL
DENTIST.
Graduate Philadelphia Dental College.
Gas, ether and also latest improved electric vibrator used for painless extraction of teeth.
Craft & Norris Block, 9 Douglas street
Office Hours:—9 a.m., to 5 p.m.

PIANO TUNING

FRANK BOURNE
LEAVE YOUR ORDERS AT
M. W. Waitt & Co.'s Gov't Street
or at my residence
24 KANE STREET, CITY.
ma11-1w (20 years' experience.)

JOSEPH SEARS,
Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger.
Dealer in Paints, Oils, Colors, Varnishes, Brushes, Window Glass, Plate Glass, Wall Paper, etc.
114 YATES ST. de1-tf

MUNICIPAL.

Tenders will be received at the City Clerk's office for the construction of certain crib work in Beacon Hill Park, until the 18th day of March, instant, at 4 p.m.

Specifications may be seen at the City Surveyor's office.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

City Hall, March 10, 1891. m10

Vancouver Island Building Society.

The 48th drawing for an appropriation will be held in the
Sir William Wallace Society's Hall, Broad street,
On Wednesday, March 18, 1891, at 8 p.m. See that your shares are in good standing.
By order, R. WILLIAMS, Sec.
ma13-td

NOT RESPONSIBLE.

Bark Irvine form Liverpool.

Neither Captain Jones or the undersigned will be responsible for the debts contracted by the crew of the above vessel.
R. P. RITHET & CO., LTD.
m13-6n

PIANO TUNING

By a practical tuner of many years experience.
JAMES SHERIDAN.
Orders left at T. W. Fletcher's music store, Fort street, or C. A. Lombard's, 71 Government street. mar12-1w

NOTICE.

I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY debts contracted by my wife or any other person on her behalf.
JOHN J. RUSSELL,
Strawberry Vale Farm.
Victoria, D. C., 11, 1890. de12-tf

A CUP OF GOOD COFFEE
— BOILING HOT —
Is just the thing for this weather.
A good square dinner for 25c. is still better at the ELITE.
fe21-tf G. AMORSEN.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Many Thanks for Past Favors.

My hotel having improved I will try and serve you a while longer. Now

AT WINTER RATES

Bring your wagons, carriages, and agricultural implements to be thoroughly overhauled. We will give you satisfaction.

To Miners, Stevedores and Quarrymen

We have the expert tool in the Province. Tools also for hire.

ONTARIO WAGON SHOP.
WM. POWELL.

NEW WELLINGTON
COAL

This Coal, mined by The New Vancouver Coal Company by UNION LABOR only, is supplied by the following Coal Merchants, at current rates:

The Victoria Coal, Wood & Lumber Yard.
Charles Rattray, Janion's Wharf.
Rock Bay Coal Yard.
Central Coal Yard.

"Nanaimo" Coal can be obtained from W. T. Drake.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.
dec30

GRAND PALACE HOTEL
81 TO 103 NORTH CLARK STREET, CHICAGO.
4 Minutes from Court House.
Both Plans.
Weekly, $3.00. Transients, 50c. up.
Restaurant by Compagnon late Chicago Club.
POPULAR PRICES. NEW HOUSE.
Cut this out for further reference. fe28-3m

MRS. McGREGOR,
MID-WIFE
Has Diploma from the University of Edinburgh.
RESIDENCE:
Corner Douglas and Cormorant Streets.
feb8tf

CHEAP LOTS

Lot James Bay $550, $100 cash and balance on time.
Lot Chatham street; party can build and pay for lot in two years.
4 Lots, $575 each; five minutes walk from train cars; $10 per month.
Small House and Lot $1000.
Lot Esquimalt Road $700.
6 Acres Lake Hill District $650 per acre, close to proposed Train Car line.
Lot Fernwood Estate very easy terms.
House and Lot James Bay, $2000.
10 roomed House and 1 acre of land, $5000; easy terms.
5¼ acres of land, Lake Hill District, beautiful garden land $300 per acre.
A. TOLLER, 18 Broad St.
fe5-tf

GOOD REAL ESTATE INVESTMENTS

House and Lot, James Bay, Easy Terms.
Lots on the Esquimalt Road Tramway Line.

Four Water Lots on West Bay.
4,300 Acres Choice Coal Lands.

BOURCHIER, CROFT & MALLETTE,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS, VICTORIA, B.C.

WEATHER REPORT.

The following is the weather report, compiled by Mr. F. C. Gamble, C. E., for the 24 hours ending at 1 p.m. to-day.

Victoria, B. C., March 14, 1891.

	Ther'ter	Baro'eter	Wind.	Remarks.
13				
1 p.m	52.0	29.89	NE by E	Cloudy
6 p.m	50.0	29.80	E S E	"
10 p.m	48.0	29.73	"	Overcast
14				
6 a.m	45.6	29.77	E by N	Raining
1 p.m	55.0	29.71	"	Cloudy

Temperature—Highest, 55; lowest, 45.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

SUPREME COURT.

Elwood vs. Wm. N. Bole.—A summons in this case, which involves $200,000 worth of land, was taken out to dismiss the action with costs, before Mr. Justice Crease, and an order was made dismissing the action. F. G. Walker for Bole, and Mr. Eckstein for Elwood.

Removal.

Mr. Geo. S. Russell has removed his barber shop to 42 Yates street, next to W. J. Jeffrees. t.f.

High School.

The daily attendance of pupils in the High school was 101 during the past week. The fact that the windows have had no curtains for three months has not, strange to say, diminished the attendance in the least.

St. Patrick's Ball.

Prof. J. Oliver, will give a grand ball at his hall on Broad street on the 17th of March. He has secured first-class music for the occasion and those attending are assured a good time. Mar5.2w

The Danube Changes Captains.

The Danube will leave the harbor this afternoon for the outer wharf where she will finish loading and embark her passengers. She will leave for the north about 8 p.m.

Captain Walbran, who has so successfully commanded the Danube for the last five months, has resigned the command to Captain Meyers, who is well known on the northern route. Capt. Walbran, who has made many friends in Victoria will stay in the city a few days and then return to England.

The Miners' Cases.

At the opening of the court, at half-past one this afternoon, Mr. Campbell, who appeared for the defence, asked for a remand.

Mr. S. Perry Mills, for the crown, asked that the case go on at once, as several witnesses for the crown had come down from Nanaimo.

Judge Bole held that the fact of witnesses for the crown being here should not weigh, and he should rule that the case be postponed until Monday at 2 p.m. The defendants are meanwhile to stand under the recognizances entered into by them before.

POLICE NOTES.

An Interesting Morning Spent at His Honor's Levee—A New Attendance.

Teachers, scholars and parents filled the courtroom this morning, all eager to hear the case against E. F. Doran, but they were kept waiting, however, as his honor had lots of business to dispose of before that came on.

The case of the Union Club, charged with refusing to pay their license, was adjourned until Wednesday, when his honor will make an order, giving his reasons for delivering judgment, so that the case may be appealed, as the club intends to do.

John Haggerty, charged with an infraction of the street by-law, was fined $5, and requested to read the city by-laws to prevent another re-appearance in court.

Henry Courtney's charge was just opposite to Haggerty's, he having removed a foam from the streets while Haggerty had placed some there, so a fine of $15 was imposed on him.

H. Vye, charged with an infraction of the street by-law by leaving his horse unhitched, and Tai Fung, charged with an infraction of the fire by-law by running a stove pipe too close to a wooden wall, were fined $5 each.

A Chinaman charged with stealing $70 from a boiler maker, was remanded until Tuesday.

Two hours of the court was occupied in hearing the case of E. F. Doran, the school teacher, charged with assault. A number of witnesses were called, who deposed that the teacher had inflicted the punishment while the boy was marching in. He made a mistake in giving the command, and the boy followed the command knowing it to be wrong. The case, however, was remanded until Monday.

ON THE BLOTTER.

A drunken seaman of the bark Irvine yesterday swore out an information against the mate for assault.

Edward Lee has been summoned for injuring property on the Cadboro bay road.

Spring and Summer.

Messrs. Gregg & Son, Tailors, Yates street, have just received their first shipment of Woolens for Spring and Summer trade. Inspection invited. ma9-1w

Ale—Ale.

Bass XXXX Ale (Lamb's Wool) at the Occidental Hotel bar.

Protection From Fire.

Chairman of fire wardens, Richards Ald. Munn and Chief Deasy, paid an official visit to the public schools yesterday with a view to ascertain the amount, or lack of fire protection in the event of the school buildings going alight. Also to find out what means of saving life in the event of a fire had been provided. The visit will in all likelihood be the subject of a report to the Board of Aldermen.

Calvary Baptist Church.

Herald street. Rev. M. L. Rugg, pastor. Preaching Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., by George Robert Cairns, the evangelist, who then commences a series gospel meetings to be continued every evening except Saturday for several weeks. Mr. Cairns is well known as a singer of the gospel as well as a forceful and interesting preacher. A general invitation is given to these services.

Commercial Travelers' Licenses.

The commercial travelers who visit the city of Victoria have in the past been subjected to a tax of $50 for six months, and the collection of this tax has been a matter of bother in many cases. Latterly a resolution of the board of aldermen has allowed a rebate of 80 per cent. and now only $10 for a half year is charged to the commercial men. A great many of them do not know this yet, and consequently endeavor to keep out of the way of the collector. The city treasurer wish the travelers to understand that if paid willingly, the 80 per cent. rebate will be allowed, but if not paid unless a summons is issued, the full amount of $50 will be collected.

DIED.

CAMPBELL—In this city, on the 14th instant, Francis Campbell, a native of County Tyrone, Ireland, aged 60 years.

The funeral will take place on Monday, the 16th instant, at 10:30 a.m., from the late residence, 146 Johnson street and at 11 o'clock from St. Andrew's (Catholic) Cathedral. Friends are invited to attend.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder.—Highest of all in leavening strength.—*U.S. Government Report, Aug. 17, 1889.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

REMOVED.

THE AGENCY OF THE DOMINION Building and Loan Association has been removed to 13 Trounce avenue, in the office of Page & Macgregor real estate brokers, opposite the C.P.R. Telegraph office.

J. W. WINNETT, Sec. and Agent.

ma14-2w

Schmith & Baumann's

RESTAURANT AND BAKERY,

54 YATES STREET.

(Formerly known as Stelts' Restaurant.)

MEALS AT ALL HOURS

Eastern and Olympian Oysters in every style. Ornamental Cake and all kinds of Pastry always on hand. Banquets and Picnics supplied on the shortest notice. mar14-2wks

NASAL BALM

NEVER FAILS TO CURE COLD IN HEAD AND CATARRH

It is a certain and speedy cure for Cold in the Head and Catarrh in all its stages.

SOOTHING, CLEANSING, HEALING.

Instant Relief, Permanent Cure, Failure Impossible.

Many so-called diseases are simply symptoms of Catarrh, such as Headache, nasal drainage, losing sense of smell, foul breath, hawking and snuffing, nausea, general feeling of debility, etc. If you are troubled with any of these or kindred symptoms, your have Catarrh, and should lose no time in procuring a bottle of Nasal Balm. Be warned in time, neglected cold in head results in Catarrh, followed by consumption and death. Nasal Balm is sold by all druggists, or will be sent, post paid, on receipt of price (50 cents and $1.00) by addressing

FULFORD & CO., Brockville, Ont.

R. F. VERRINDER, M. D., D. D. S.

SPECIALIST FOR DISEASES AND SURGERY of the Mouth, Jaws, Face, Teeth and associate parts. Natural teeth treasured by implantation where they have been extracted. Crown and Bridge work attached to otherwise useless roots avoiding necessity and inconvenience of wearing plates. Calls made at residence when required. ja23-tf

Office 73 Government St., Victoria, B.C

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

EVANGELISTIC MEETINGS.

THE EVANGELIST, GEORGE ROBERT Cairns, well known both in England and America, will conduct a series of gospel meetings in the Calvary Baptist Church, beginning Sunday, March 15. Sunday services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., week day meetings, Bible reading and prayer meeting at 3 p.m.; song service at 7.30 and preaching at 8 p.m.

Mr. Cairns who has been called the Singing Evangelist, will sing as well as preach.

A general invitation is extended. mar14

Real Estate For Sale

— BY —

T. G. RAYNER,

Trounce Avenue.

1 lot Rithet street	$ 850
1 lot Rithet street 60x130	900
1 lot cor. Croft and Niagara streets	1,000
2 lots fronting on Park	3,200
2 lots corner Carr and Niagara streets	2,200
1 lot Niagara street	950
2 lots Kingston and Superior streets	2,500
West Fernwood lots, each	450
1 lot on Yates street	14,000
2 lots, Craigflower r'd, each	300
2 lot Powderly Ave. West Victoria	350
1 lot Belton Ave. West Victoria	425
1 lot corner Belton Avenue and Craigflower road	600
1 lot on Craigflower road, near Pine street	525
½ acre cor. Tolmie Ave.	630
¾ acre Tolmie estate	900
1 lot Rock Bay	750
1 acre Esquimalt road	2,625
1½ acres old Esquimalt Road	2,750
2 corner lots Rock Bay	1,600
Lots on Work Estate	600

FOR THE NORTH.

C. P. N. CO.'S STEAMER

"DANUBE,"

(CAPT. WALBRAN),

WILL LEAVE THE OUTER WHARF, AT 8 P.M. SHARP, FOR

Port Simpson and Way Ports

—ON—

SATURDAY, March 14th.

For freight or passage apply at office of the Company, Wharf street, Victoria, B.C. The company reserve the right to change this notice at any time without notification.

JNO. IRVING, Manager.

fe13-td

VERNON, VERNON

THE TERMINUS OF THE

SHUSWAP & OKANAGAN RAILWAY

Situated in the Heart of the Famous Okanagan Valley.

THE RAILWAY CENTRE OF THE INTERIOR

The Shuswap & Okanagan Railway is now under construction, and will be completed and in Operation to Vernon next Summer, 1891.

The Okanagan & Kootenay Railway Co. obtained a charter (with land grants of 20,000 acres per mile) to construct a railway from Vernon to Sproat's Landing, via the Coldstream Valley and Cherry Creek Mines.

A charter will be applied for at the next session of the Local Legislature to construct a Railway from Vernon south to the International Boundary, to connect with the American railway system.

This is a great chance to make money, as Vernon, being in the heart of the most extensive agricultural district in the Province, will undoubtedly become a large and flourishing city.

Arrangements have been completed with responsible parties for publishing a good weekly paper at Vernon, to commence business early in the new year. This paper will be circulated by the company in all parts of the world.

A Large Hotel will be erected early next spring, and plans for same are now ready.

PLANS OF TOWN-SITE ARE NOW IN ALL REAL ESTATE OFFICES.

A large number of lots have already been sold, and most of these will have buildings erected on them early next year.
Special inducements are offered to builders. See price list. Free sites will be given to parties establishing industries.
Financial assistance will also be given to responsible parties engaging in legitimate enterprises.

ADVANCE IN PRICES.

The Company will advance prices of all central lots early next month. Intending purchasers should not delay selecting lots now in order to obtain the benefit of this advance.

Vernon is situated in a pass commanding and making tributary to it the whole of the famous Okanagan Valley and its tributary valleys, the grazing country of the Lower Nicola, the mining camps of Rock Creek, Granite Creek, Kettlemous, Okanagan and Monashee Mountains, the placer diggings of Cherry Creek and Shuswap Creek. It is impossible to get to any of the above places without first going through Vernon.

The opening of the Shuswap & Okanagan Railway next summer will flood this favored country with land and mining prospectors, &c., and will give a great impetus to the farming, fruit growing, grazing and mining industries. Several important industries are projected and will likely be started in Vernon next year.

The best advice we can give intending purchasers is to go and see for yourself. The C.P.R. to Sicamous, Stage from Sicamous to Vernon. Leave Vancouver on Mondays or Fridays, arrive Vernon Tuesday or Friday evening.

OKANAGAN LAND & DEVELOPMENT COMPANY, Ltd.

Maps of Town-Site and Price Lists in all Real Estate Offices. ja124

I PAY

FOR THIS SPACE

BECAUSE I have something to say that is of interest to practical people.

BECAUSE I want to reach the knowing and progressive people of this vicinity

BECAUSE People of this class are the people whose trade I desire to win.

The Best People

Are the thinking people. They know what they want. They are not to be won by mere irresponsible rackle. Fair dealing wins them. Once won they are staunch customers, not to be budged by bluster.

ALL THINKING PEOPLE

Are invited to make an examination of our goods, in order to be convinced of the fact that our low prices are consistent with a

High Grade of Quality.

13 Cases new Goods Just Arrived.

Full Stock of Men's, Youths' and Boys' Clothing, etc.

CAMERONS' CASH STORE,

55 JOHNSON STREET.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN BIBLE SOC'Y

The annual meeting of the local branch of this society will be held in St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, Monday evening, 16th inst., at 8 o'clock when addresses will be given by several ministers and laymen. ma13-3t

A FRESH AD.

of Cheap Lots that Must Be Sold.

Lot, James Bay	$ 575
Lot, Russell Street, Victoria West	550
Lot, Beacon Street (170 feet from Park)	950
Lot, Pembroke Street, 53 x 145	650
Lot, Pandora Street, corner	600
5 Acres, Carey Road	1000
5 Roomed House, 2 Lots	1600

CRANE, McGREGOR & BOGGS

30 BROAD STREET.

SEE LISTS AT OFFICE.

BANK of BRITISH COLUMBIA

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1862.

Capital Paid Up, - £600,000—$3,000,000
Reserve Fund, [WITH POWER TO INCREASE] - 200,000— 1,000,000

THE BANK HAS DECIDED TO OPEN

A Savings Bank Department

In connection with their General Banking Business, and are now prepared to receive Deposits of $1 and upwards, upon which Interest will be allowed at current rates. Present rate, FOUR per cent. per annum. Deposits received for Fixed Periods, and interest allowed on terms which may be ascertained on application. The Shareholders of this Bank are by the Charter of Incorporation made liable for double the amount of capital subscribed for, an important consideration in the security afforded to depositors.

WM. C. WARD, Manager.

Victoria, 2nd January, 1891.

Electric Bells

ALL DESIGNS

ADDRESS

R. R. McMICKING,

10 TROUNCE AVE.